







- The 17th JASIC ASIA GOVERNMENT/ INDUSTRY MEETING -

Dec. 4 - 6, 2012 Crowne Plaza Manila, Philippines

Organized by
Department of Transportation and Communications
(DOTC),
Land Transportation Office (LTO), Republic of
Philippines

and
Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and
Tourism (MLIT), Japan

Operated by
Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization
Center (JASIC)









# Meeting Schedule & Participants List









#### - The 17<sup>th</sup> JASIC ASIA GOVERNMENT/ INDUSTRY MEETING -

Date: Dec. 4 - 6, 2012

Place: Crowne Plaza Manila Galleria

Address: Ortigas Avenue corner Asian Development Bank Avenue,

Quezon City, Philippines, 1100

Phone: (632) 633-7222

Fax: (632) 633-2821

Web site: www.crowneplaza.com

#### Organized by

Department of Transportation and Communications (DOTC),
Land Transportation Office (LTO), Republic of Philippines
and

Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT), Japan

Operated by

**Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center (JASIC)** 









- Promoting the International Whole Vehicle Type Approval (IWVTA) concept under the UN Regulation framework for realizing harmonization of regulations and establishing Mutual Recognition of Approvals (MRA) in the Asian region -

Date: Dec. 4 (Tue.) 2012, 9:00-17:20
Place: BALL ROOM - A, 4F Crowne Plaza

	Place: BALL ROOM - A, 4F Crowne Plaza
Co-chaired by:	Ms. Virginia P. Torres Assistant Secretary, Land Transportation Office, Philippines Chairman, International Cooperation Committee, JASIC
08:30 - 09:00	Registration of the Participants
09:00 - 09:08	Welcome Speech Undersecretary for Road DOTC, Philippines
09:08 - 09:15 W	elcome Address from Industry Mr. Vicente T. Mills, JR, President, Philippine Automotive Federation Incorporated (PAFI)
09:15 - 09:23	Opening Remark 1  Mr. Takao Onoda  Director, International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division, Road Transport Bureau, MLIT, Japan
09:23 - 09:30	Opening Remark 2 Mr. Yoshihiro Nanto Director General, JASIC
09:30 - 09:37	Opening Remark 3 Mr. Takashi Hirai Director, Preparatory Office for Establishment of Jakarta Office, JASIC
09:37 - 09:50 09:50 - 10:10	Photography Coffee Break
10:10 - 10:30	Keynote Speech-1 Mr. Takao Onoda Director, MLIT, Japan
10:30 - 10:45	Keynote Speech-2 Honorable Joseph Emilio Abaya Secretary, DOTC, Philippines
10:45 - 11:00	Keynote Speech-3 Ir. Mohamad Bin Dalib Chairman of ACCSQ-APWG Task Force
11:00 - 11:30	Report-1: Report from Industries
	The report of the RACE meeting; Representative of JAMA and CAMPI or MDPPA The report of the Parts industry Activity; JAPIA
11:30 - 13:00	Lunch Place: TBD
13:00 - 13:30 De	ebriefing session and discussion for WP29  Mr. Ushio Ueno Executive Director, JASIC
	scussion for the future Forum based on 6 <sup>th</sup> series inator: Mr. Takaki Kasai Co-Chairman, International Cooperation Committee, JASIC
14:30 - 14:50	Coffee Break
14:50 - 15:20 De	ebriefing session and discussion for the 1958 Agreement and IWVTA  Mr. Johan Renders European Union  Mr. Takao Onoda Director, MLIT, Japan
	Panel Discussion I: ests to the 1958 Agreement and IWVTA from Asian economies and its reflection result, he future request including the UN Regulation and GTR Coordinator: Mr. Michio Miyamoto Chairman of WP29/IWVTA Committee, JASIC Panelists: Japan, Malaysia, Thailand, India, Indonesia, Philippines

18:30 Departure time of the bus from Crowne Plaza
 19:30 Welcome Reception to be hosted by DOTC, LTO
 Place: VIKINGS RESTAURANT, SM Mall of Asia, Pasay City









- Promoting the International Whole Vehicle Type Approval (IWVTA) concept under the UN Regulation framework for realizing harmonization of regulations and establishing Mutual Recognition of Approvals (MRA) in the Asian region -

> Date: Dec. 5 (Wed.) 2012, 9:00-16:30 Place: BALL ROOM - A, 4F Crowne Plaza

Co-chaired by: Mr. Takao Onoda

Director, International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division,

Road Transport Bureau, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT), Japan

Atty. Jaime Rafael Feliciano

Assistant Secretary for Planning and ICS

Department of Transportation and Communications (DOTC), Philippines

09:00 - 10:15 Country Report:

Short presentation and speech on the development of the vehicle type approval systems in each ASEAN country, Chinese Taipei, Hong Kong, and Korea

#### 10:15 - 10:30 Coffee Break

17:00 - 19:00

10:30 - 12:00 Panel Discussion II:

ASEAN 19 items and the examination of the optimally unified vehicle type approval system in ASEAN region

Coordinator: Mr. Shigeo Yoshizawa Chairman of ASEAN Subcommittee, JASIC Panelists: Japan, Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia, Vietnam, Philippines, Singapore

12:00 - 13:30	Lunch Place: TBD
13:30 - 13:45	Report-2: JICA Philippine Project  Mr. Arnel R. Manresa Chief of Road Transport Planning Division, DOTC
13:45 - 14:15	Report-3: China and India Forum in 2012, and their Country Report:  - China forum and Country Report: China - India forum and Country Report: India
14:15 - 14:30	Report-4: Expert Meetings in 2012 and plan for 2013  Mr. Hiroshi Morita Director, JASIC

14:30 - 15:00	Coffee Break	
15:00 - 16:00 16:00 - 16:20	Drafting Wrap Up Adoption of Wrap Up	
16:20 - 16:30	Closing Address Atty. Alfonso V. Tan, Jr.	Executive Director, LTO, Philippines

Farewell Reception hosted by JAPAN

Place: Sapphire B Room









#### - Technical Tour -

Date: December 6 (Thu) 2012

Place: TOYOTA MOTOR PHILIPPINES CORPORATION

Toyota Special Economic Zone

Santa Rosa-Tagaytay Highway, Santa Rosa City, Laguna

Tel.: Manila Trunk Line (+2) 825-8888 Laguna Trunk Line (+49) 541-3020

Fax: (+2) 6800-5086 Web URL: <u>www.toyota.com.ph</u>

#### Schedule:

6:30 - 7:00
7:00 - 7:15
Assembly at Lobby of Crowne Plaza Galleria Hotel
Depart for Toyota Motor Phil. Corp., Sta. Rosa Laguna
(Depend on traffic)

In the facility

From	То	Activity
8:15	9:00	Ingress Registration
9:00	9:30	Corporate Orientation
9:30	10:30	Plant Tour
10:30	10:35	Return to Assigned Room
10:35	11:00	Question and Answer Portion
11:45	11:55	Photo Opportunity
11:55	12:00	Departure

12:00 - 12:45 Travel time to Taal Vista Hotel 12:45 - 14:00 Lunch at Taal Vista Hotel

14:00 - 16:00 Travel time back to Crowne Plaza Galleria Hotel

#### LIST OF FOREIGN PARTICIPANTS IN THE 17TH JASIC ASIA GOVERNMENT/INDUSTRY MEETING

No.	Country/ Economy	Name (First Name to Last Name	Organization/ Company	Title/Position	Mailing Address	E-mail Address	Phone	Fax
1	THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA (R.O.C) Taiwan	Mr. Hung Chu Nien	Vehicle Safety Certification Center (VSCC)	Engineer & Domestic Vehicle Certification Dept. Certification Specialist	No. 2 Lugong N.2 <sup>nd</sup> Rd., Lugong Town, Changhua Country 50544, Taiwan, (R.O.C.)	nhc@vscc.org.tw	+886-4- 7812180 Ext. 2120	+886-4- 7811400
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3		Mr. Yu-Jen Hung	TTVMA/Kuozui Motors. Ltd.	Group Manager	No. 73 Ding-Ning Rd., Chung- Li, Tao-Yuan, Taiwan	11421hung@mail.kuozui.com.tw	+886-3- 4611222 #451	+886-3- 4520304
4		Mr. Sheng-Lung Hsu	TTVMA (Taiwan Transp. Vehicle. Manufacturers Association)	Executive Senior Specialist	9 <sup>th</sup> Floor, 380 Sec. 1, Fu-Shing South Road Taipei (106) Taiwan ROC	erichsu@ttvma.org.tw	886-2- 2705110 #123	886-2- 2706644 0
5		Mr. Hsin-Pin Yu	Yulon Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.	Engineer/ Regulation & Certification Group	39-2, Bogongkeng, Xihu Village, Sanyi Township, Miaoli County 367 Taiwan (ROC)	Hsin-pin.yu@yulon-nissan.com.tw	886-37- 875881 #1896	886-37- 874042
6		Mr. Chung-Guan Cheng	China Motor Corp.	Specialist, Product Engineering Division	No. 618, Xiucai Rd., Yangmei City, Taoyuan County 326, Taiwan (ROC)	ccg@china-motor.com	886-3- 47831 ext. 2685	886-3- 270774
7	EUROPERAN UNION	Mr. Johan Renders	European Commission	Legislative Officer – Automotive Industry Unit	European Commission Office: BREY 10/038, B-1049 Brussels	Johan.renders@ec.europa.eu	+32-2- 2969962	
8	INDIA	Mr. K K Gandhi	Society of Indian Automobile Manufacturers	Executive Director (TECH)	Core-413, 5 <sup>th</sup> F India Habitat Centre, LODI Road, New Delhi	kkgandhi@siam.in	91-11- 47103010/ 18	91-11- 2464822 2
9	INDONESIA	Mr. Dea Fabriani Susanto	Gaikindo/Pt. Astra Daihatsu Motor	Supervisor	Jl. Gaya Motor III/5, Sunter II, Jakarta Utara	dea.fabriani@daihatsu.astra.co.id	+6221- 6510400 Ext.5332	+6221- 651835
10		Mr.Abdur Rahim	Gaikindo/Pt. Ford Motor Indonesia	Manager Government Affair	Wisma Pondok Indah 2, Suite 1601-02, Jakarta Selatan	arahim2@ford.com	+6221- 27588323	+6221- 7592297 5
11		Mr. Sutan Sinar Situmorang	Ministry of Industry	Head of Section for Component Industry in Standards	JL, Gatot Subroto Kau 52-53 11 <sup>th</sup> Floor Jakarta	sutanss@yahoo.com	622152519 01	6221525 1901
12		Mr. Yan Sibarang Tandiele	Ministry of Industry	Deputy Director for Component Industry	JL, Gatot Subroto Kau 52-53 11 <sup>th</sup> Floor Jakarta	Yantandiele2003@yahoo.com	622152519 01	6221525 1901
13		Mr. Emjunan Sihite	Gaikindo/Pt. TMMIN	Head of Government & Regulatory Affair Section	Jl. Laks. Yos Sudarso Sunter II, Jakarta Utara	emsih@toyota.co.id sihiteemjunan@yahoo.com	+6221- 6515551 Ext. 2606	+6221- 6521610
14		Mr.Mahardian Ismadi Brata	Gaikindo/Pt. Suzuki Indomobil Motor	Senior Foreman/Homologatio n Group Leader	Jl. Pangeran Diponegoro Km 36,2. Tambun Bekasi	mahardian.brata@suzuki.co.id brata.mahardian@gmail.com	+6221- 8801235 Ext. 598	+6221- 8834350 8

15		Mr.Tri Wahono	Gaikindo/Pt. Nissan Motor Indonesia	Assistant Manager, Gov. Relation Dev.	Jln.MT Haryono Kav 10, Jakarta 13330	tri.wb@nissan.co.id	+6221- 8582323	+6221- 8584927
16		Mr. Arif Setiawan	Gaikindo/Pt. KTB	Head of Regulation Section	Jl. Jend A. Yani Proyek Pulo Mas, Jakarta 13210	arief-s@ktb.co.id	+6221- 4891608 Ext.1862	+6221- 4751351
17		Mr. Eddy Surowasono	Gaikindo/Pt. Toyota Astra Motor	Head of Regulation and Certificate Section	Jl. Yos Sudarso, Sunte 2, Jakarta Utara	eddy.surowasono@toyota.astra.co.id	+6221- 6515551	+6221- 651531
18		Mr.Hidayatul Ichsan Suwarno	Gaikindo	Section Head	Jl. Teuku Cik Ditiro I No. 11 D- E-F, Menteng, Jakarta Pusat	ichsan@gaikindo.or.id hidayatulichsan2@gmail.com	+6221- 3157178	+6221- 3142100
19		Mr. Muawiyah Ismail	Gaikindo/Pt. TMMIN	Head of Government and Regulatory Affair Section	Jl. Laks Yos Sudarso Sunter II, Jakarta Utara	oshi@toyota.co.id	+6221- 6515551 Ext. 2606	+6221- 6521610
20		Mr. Toto NurwitJaksono	Directorate Gen. of Land Transportation, Min. of Transportation, Republic of Indonesia	Deputy director of Roadworthiness	Karya Bldg., 8 <sup>th</sup> F, Medan Merdeka Barat No. 8, Jakarta 10110	totonoer@hotmail.com	+62-21- 3506127	+62-21- 3506127
21		Ms. Farida Makhmudah	Directorate Gen. of Land Transportation, Min. of Transportation, Republic of Indonesia	Chief of Legal Aids and Documentation	Karya Bldg., 9 <sup>th</sup> F, Medan Merdeka Barat No. 8, Jakarta 10110	farizka@yahoo.com	+62-21- 3506141	+62-21- 3506141
22	JAPAN	Mr. Michio Miyamoto	Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center (JASIC)	Chairman of WP 29/IWVTA Committee	3F Shoei-Rokubancho Bldg., 6 Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 102-0085	michio@miyamoto.tec.toyota	+81-3- 5216-7241	+81-3- 5216- 7244
23		Mr. Takeshi Ishikawa	JASIC/Honda Motor Co. Ltd.	Chairman of International Operation Committee	52-1 Hagadai, Haga-Machi, Haga-gun, Tochigi 321-3325	takeshi ishikawa@hm.honda.co.jp	+81 28 687-2150	+81 28 687-2144
24		Mr. Takaki Kasai	JASIC	Co-Chairman of International Operation Committee	3F Shoei-Rokubancho Bldg., 6 Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 102-0085	tac001@cava.tec.toyota.co.jp	+81-3- 5216-7241	+81-3- 5216- 7244
25		Mr. Shigeo Yoshizawa	JASIC	Chairman of ASEAN Subcommittee	3F Shoei-Rokubancho Bldg., 6 Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 102-0085	shigeo a yoshizawa@hm.honda.co.jp	+81-3- 5216-7241	+81-3- 5216- 7244
26		Mr. Kiminori Hyodo	JASIC	Chairman of Regulation and Certification Systems Committee, JAPIA	3F Shoei-Rokubancho Bldg., 6 Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 102-0085	kimi-hyodo@koito.co.jp	+81-3- 5216-7241	+81-3- 5216- 7244
27		Mr. Yoshihiro Nanto	JASIC	Director General	3F Shoei-Rokubancho Bldg., 6 Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 102-0085	nanto@jasic.org	+81-3- 5216-7241	+81-3- 5216- 7244

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31	Mr. Yoshiaki Nanbu	JASIC	Chief	3F Shoei-Rokubancho Bldg., 6 Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 102-0085	nanbu@jasic.org	+81-3- 5216-7241	+81-3- 5216- 7244
32	Mr. Takao Onoda	Ministry of Land, infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MILT)	Director of International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division, Road Transport Bureau	2-1-3 Kasumigaseki, Chiyodaku Tokyo 100- 8918	onoda-t2r3@mlit.go.jp	+81-3-5253- 8592	+81-3- 5253-1639
33	Mr. Takashi Ootomo	Ministry of Land, infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MILT)	Chief of International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division, Road Transport Bureau	2-1-3 Kasumigaseki, Chiyodaku Tokyo 100-8918	ootomo-t23k@mlit.go.jp	+81-3- 5253-8592	+81-3- 5253- 8592
34	Mr. Kenji Maruyama	JASIC/Ford Motor Corp.	Advance Veh. Regulation Manager, APA SE & SE	3-L shinchi, Fuchu-cho, Hiroshima 730-8670	kmaruyama@ford.com	81-82-287- 497	81-81- 287-5147
35	Mr. Kasuzhi Arima	Vehicle Certification Agency	Type Approval Engr.	3F Kanayama Yamato Bldg., 6-9, 1 Chome, Shin-Otou, Atsuta, Nagoya, Japan	kasuzhi@vca-asia.jp	+81-52- 683-8831	+81-52- 683-8832
36	Mr. Akira Togashi	JAPIA (Japan Autoparts Industries Association)	Sr. Manager Technical Dept.	1-16-15 Takanawa, Minato- ku Tokyo, 108-0074 Japan	tohashi@japia.or.jp	+81 3 3445 4215	+81 3 3447 5372
37	Mr. Kiminori Hyodo	JAPIA	Chairman of Regulation and Certification System Committee	Koito Mfg. Co. LTD. 500 Kitawaki, Shimizu-ku, Shizuoka-shi, 424-8764, Japan	Kimi-hyodo@koitto.co.jp	+81 3 3445 2366	+81 3 3445 3437
38	Mr. Masayuki HARIGAI	Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MOFA), Japan	Transport Attache, Economic Section, Embassy of Japan in the Philippines	Embassy of Japan, 2627 Roxas blvd., Pasay city, Metro Manila, 1300 Philippines, P.O. Box 414 Pasay City	masayuki.harigai@mofa.go.jp	(632)551- 5710 ext. 2104	(632)551 -5783

#### LIST OF FOREIGN PARTICIPANTS IN THE 17TH JASIC ASIA GOVERNMENT/INDUSTRY MEETING

39		Mr. Kenichiro,	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	Trade and Commercial	Embassy of Japan, 2627		(632)551-	(632)551
		KOREEDA	(MOFA), Japan	Attache, Economic Section, Embassy of Japan in the Philippines	Roxas blvd., Pasay city, Metro Manila, 1300 Philippines, P.O. Box 414 Pasay City	kenichiro.koreeda@mofa.go.jp	5710 ext. 2104	-5783
40	LAO PDR	Mr. Thongdam Khounoudom	Dept. of Industry and Handicraft	Director, Products Standard Div.	Phonexay Rd., P.O. Box 4107, Vientiane Capital	thongdamk@hotmail.com	856-21- 453494	856-21- 4531930
41	MALAYSIA	Ms. Iris Pereira	Honda Malaysia Son BHD	Senior Executive	HICOM Industrial Park, Pegon 78000 Alor Gajah, Melaka, Malaysia	iris@honda.net.my	+60655915 79	+606559 1598
42		Mr. Kamis Zuraini	Perodua Mfg. SDN BHD	Manager	Perodua Mfg. SDN BHD, Sungai Choh, Locked Bag 226, 48009 Rawang, Selangor, Malaysia	zuraini@perodua.com.my	603- 6738888 ext 3678	6036733 0541
43		Ms. Binsi Mohd Zin Zuraini	PROTON SDN BHD	Manager	Eng. Div., PROTON SDN BHD, 40918 Shah Alam, Selangor, Malaysia	zuraininz@proton. com	+60350392 318	+603519 19548
44		Mohd Sharul Nizam Sarip	Road Transport Dept. of Malaysia	Deputy Director		Sharulnizam@jpj.gov.my	+60194475 429	+603889 05950
45		Mohamad Dalib	Road Transport Dept. of Malaysia	Director		Mohamad@jpj.gov.my	+60388866 420	+603889 05950
46		Mr. Goh Wei Ping	Hong Leong Yamaha Motor	Manager, R & D	Lot 57, Persiaran BRP3, 47000 SG Buloh Selangor, Malaysia	wpgoh@yamaha-motor.com.my	60-16- 3598696	60-3- 6157717
47		Mr. Mohd Hafizi Mohd Arifin	Ministry of Transport Malaysia	Assistant Secretary	Ministry of Trasnport Malaysia, Land Division, Level 3, Block D5, Complex D, Federal Admin. Centre, 62616 Putrajaya, Malaysia	<u>hafizi@mot.gov.my</u>	+60193773 600	+603888 92461
48		Mr. Putra Ezree Bin Izham	Boon Siew Honda Sdn. Bhd.	Engineer Quality Assurance Section	449, Jalan Permatang Pauh, Mak Mandin, 13400, butterworth, Penang, Malaysia	Putra ezree@bswhonda.com.my	+60124990 433	+604334 23725
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50		Mr. Khalili Zulrifli	MASAAM/FAMI	Secretary General	Armstrong Auto Parts, Tikam Batu Ind. Est. SG. Petani	khalilizul@armstrong.auto.com	04- 4388202	04- 4388626
51	MYANMAR	Mr. Soe Win	Ministry of Rail Transportation	Chief Engineer, Road Transport Administration Dept.	No. 29 Nay Pyi Taw, Myanmar	Rasean123@gmail.com	95-67- 405145	95-67- 405145
	PHILIPPINES							
52	SINGAPORE	Mr. Chit Chong Michael Wong	Motor Traders Association of Singapore (MTA)	Committee Member, MTA	17 Lorong 8 Toa Payoh #02- 00 Singapore 319254	secretariat@mta.org.sg	65- 62587210	65-6472- 4930

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			Industry Association	Vice-President	Sukhumvit Rd., Bangna Bangkok 10260	ruth.w@honda.co.th	7888 # 2056	790-9102
59		Mr. Prasert	The Thai Automotive		186/1 MU 1 Old Railway Rd.,	pangkawi@toyota.co.th	(662) 386-	(552)
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					Pradaeng, Samut Prakarn 10130			
60		Mr. Banpoch	The Thai Automotive					
		Tengwongwattana	Industry Association					
61	VIETNAM	Mr. Ky Hong Nuyen	VAMA/Vina Star	Asst. Gen. Manager	243 Trung Son, Thee Duc,	KYNH@VINASTARMOTORS.COM.VN	+84-8-	+84-8- 3896320
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62		Mr. Nguyen Dong	Vietnam Register	Deputy Director-	18 Pham Hung Road, Tu Liem	Phongnd@yr.org.vn	+84437684	+844376
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- Day 1 -









# Opening remarks









# Welcome Speech

Undersecretary for Road

DOTC, Philippines









# Welcome Address from Industry

Mr. Vicente T. Mills, JR,
President, Philippine Automotive Federation
Incorporated (PAFI)









# Opening remark 1

Mr. Takao Onoda, Director, International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division, Road Transport Bureau, MLIT, Japan









# Opening remark 2

Mr. Yoshihiro Nanto Director General, Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center (JASIC)









## Opening remark 3

Mr. Takashi Hirai Director, Preparatory Office for Establishment of Jakarta Office, JASIC

# JASIC Jakarta Office...

# December 4, 2012 Takashi HIRAI Director



**Preparatory Office for Establishment of Jakarta Office** 

#### Contents - 1

- *What is JASIC?*
- JASIC's Activities
  - Cooperation with ASIA
- Activities of JASIC Jakarta Office



### What is JASIC? - Objective

JASIC was established to assist the MLIT-Japan;

in promoting the international harmonization of automobile technical regulations and certification system

under <u>the cooperation between public and</u> <u>private sectors</u>



3

## What is JASIC? - Organization overview

# Secretariat Head Office/Tokyo (1987) Geneva Office (1988) Washington Office (1997) Jakarta Office (2013)

#### **Cooperating organizations**

- Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI)
- Ministry of Environment (MOE)
- National traffic safety and environment laboratory (NTSEL)
- The Japan Automobile Research Institute (JARI)
- Society of Automotive Engineers of Japan, Inc. (JSAE)

#### **Government**

Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT)

#### **Organizations and Industries**

- Light Motor Vehicle Inspection Organization
- Japan Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc.
- Japan Auto Parts Industries Association
- Japan Automobile Importers Association
- Japan Automotive Service Equipment Association
- Automobile Inspection & Registration Association
- Japan Auto-Body Industries Association, Inc.
- The Japan Automobile Tyre Manufacturers Association, Inc.
- Flat Glass Manufacturers Association of Japan
- Japan Land Engine Manufacture Association



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- What is JASIC ?
- ➤ <u>JASIC's Activities</u> - <u>Cooperation with ASIA</u>
- Activities of JASIC Jakarta Office



5

# JASIC's Activities - Cooperation with ASIA 1

#### JASIC Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region

#### **Purpose**

To realize international harmonization of vehicle regulation and mutual recognition of approvals under the 1958 agreement.

#### **Participant**

Governments and Industries of Asian area.

#### **Organize**



This Annually Forum is co-organized by JASIC and a government of Asian country which the forum is held.

# JASIC's Activities - Cooperation with ASIA 2

#### JASIC Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region

Topics of this Forum are,

- Development of a VTA in each country.
- Accession to the 1958 Agreement and adoption of UN Regulations necessary for a VTA.
- Basic study for MRA of a whole vehicle certification under the UN/WP29 framework.
- Arrangement of the expert meetings for well understanding of the 1958 Agreement and each UN Regulation.



The 3rd Public & Private Forum will be held in Manila, Philippine, December 4th – 6th, 2012.

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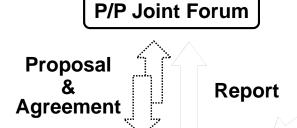
# JASIC's Activities - Cooperation with ASIA®

#### JASIC Asia Expert Meeting

#### **Purpose**

To improve knowledge for the specific items

To strengthen the cooperation among Asian countries.



People concerned from countries participating the P/P Forum

**Participation** 



**Expert Meeting** 



# JASIC's Activities - Cooperation with ASIA@

#### JASIC Asia Expert Meeting

#### Lecture



- The 1958 Agreement
- A type approval system
- Environmental regulation
- Safety regulation etc.

#### **Demonstration Test**







- Lighting
- Noise
- Etc.

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#### Contents - 3

- What is JASIC ?
- JASIC's Activities
  - Cooperation with ASIA
- > Activities of JASIC Jakarta Office



## Activities of JASIC Jakarta Office

- ✓ Exchange information relating to automotive regulations and certification systems with ASEAN Member States, ASEAN Secretariat, etc.
- ✓ Provide assistance in establishing automotive regulation and certification systems in ASEAN Member States as well as their accession to the 1958 Agreement
- ✓ Promote Japan-ASEAN cooperation in international harmonization of regulations at the United Nation, etc.



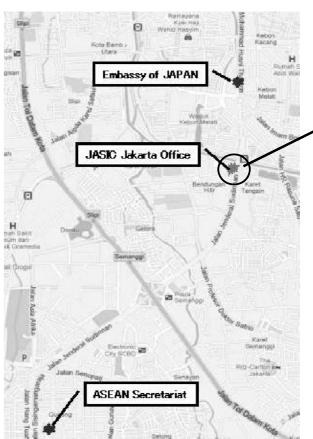
Enhance safety and environmental performance of automobiles in the ASEAN Member States



> Strengthen Asia's presence and influence in the international arena

# Information of JASIC Jakarta Office







<Address> Wisma 46 - Kota BNI, 19<sup>th</sup> Floor JI. Jend. Sudirman Kav. 1 Jakarta 10220



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# Thank you for your attention.

http://www.jasic.org/e/index\_e.htm
Contact address : jasic@jasic.org











## Keynote Speech-1

Mr. Takao Onoda, Director, International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division, Road Transport Bureau, MLIT, Japan

# **Keynote Speech**

The 3<sup>rd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region 4-5 December 2012

#### Takao ONODA

Director, International Affairs Office,

Engineering Policy Division,

Road Transport Bureau

Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

#### **Contents**



- 1. Benefits of harmonization of regulations and mutual recognition of certification
- 2. Develop partnership among Asian countries
- 3. ASEAN-Japan Cooperative Program for Vehicles
- 4. Conclusion

# 1. Benefits of harmonization of regulations and mutual recognition of certification



- Through harmonization of regulations and mutual recognition of certification, it is possible to promote safer and more environmentally-friendly motor vehicles around the world.
- This not only enables governments to cut administration costs, but also allows the automobile industry to reduce development, certification, and production costs through unification of vehicle design specifications and standardization of parts, to build up global and flexible supply chains, and, consequently, to concentrate more resources on the development of safety and environmental technologies.
- Motor vehicle users also benefit not only from the spread of safer and more environmentally-friendly motor vehicles, but also from reduction in vehicle prices resulting from reduced costs.

#### **Motor Vehicle Users**

- Spread of safer and more environmentally-friendly motor vehicles
- Accessible vehicle prices

#### Automakers, etc.

- Unified design specifications and standa parts
  - Reduced development, certification, and production costs
  - Global and flexible supply chains
- More resources to the development of safety and environmental technologies

Harmonization of Regulations

Mutual Recognition of Certification

#### Governments

- More efficient rulemaking process
- Streamlined examination process for certification

#### 2. Develop partnership among Asian countries



- Asian countries are rapidly growing. They are promising auto markets and, at the same time, important
  international players. It is imperative to improve environment for automakers to play active roles in the contribution
  to the growth, safety, and security of Asian countries.
- We will work with other Asian countries so as to enhance the contributions of Asia to WP.29 and to expand the accession to the 1958 Agreement, and, as a result, to promote the harmonization of regulations and mutual recognition of certification for improving safety and environment.
- Two fronts of work: multilateral framework through government/industry joint forums, etc. and bilateral cooperation through meetings of minister-level officials, seminars, and dispatch of experts, etc.

Asia as Growing Auto Markets

Asia as International Partners

Promote the harmonization of regulations and mutual recognition of certification through expansion of accession to the 1958 Agreement for improving safety and environment

Japan

1958 Agreement

1998 Agreement

ASEAN \_\_\_\_\_\_

Korea

India China

Harmonization of regulations

+

Mutual recognition of certification

Only harmonization of regulations

#### 3-1. ASEAN-Japan Cooperative Program for Vehicles



Background

- ♦ Rapid motorization along with economic development and globalization
- ♦ Regional environmental issues and traffic accidents become serious concerns
- ♦Economic integration by 2015

Within the framework of "Automobile Technical Cooperation Project on Safety and Environment" under ASEAN-Japan Transport Partnership(AJTP), MLIT of Japan proposed to initiate a new program for further fostering cooperative relationship with ASEAN Member States in this field.

**ASEAN-Japan Cooperative Program on Development of Technical Regulations** and Establishment of a Type Approval System for Vehicles (endorsed at the 8th ASEAN-Japan Transport Ministers Meeting held in November 2010)

Policy dialogue

Public-private joint forum

Training courses

Dispatching experts

Improvement of laws, regulations and organizations

Development of technical regulations

Establishment of a type approval system

Promotion of international harmonization of regulations

Promotion of mutual recognition of approval

Accession to the UN agreement

Assessment on conformity of production

Appointment of the technical services

3-2. Specific Measures of the Cooperative Program



Specific Measures listed in the ANNEX as of 04 July 2012 of the "ASEAN-Japan Cooperative Program on Development of Technical Regulations and Establishment of a Type Approval System for Vehicles"

**Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region** The Forum was held in November 2011 in Indonesia.

2.

<u>ASEAN Forum on WP29</u>
The Forum was held in conjunction with the Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region. The next Forum will be held in 2012 and/or 2013 (under consideration).

ACCSQ-APWG Workshop 3.

The Workshop was held one day prior to the last SEOM/ACCSQ/APWG in September 2012. The next Workshop will be held in February 2013 in Lao PDR (under consideration).

**Advanced Training Course** 4.

The Training Course was held in October 2012 for about 2weeks. Participating Countries: Indonesia, Philippines, Vietnam.

<u>JICA Training Course</u>
The Training Course was held in November 2012 for about 2 weeks. Participating Countries: Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, Thailand

JASIC Asia Expert Meeting 6.

Expert Meetings were held in Malaysia, Vietnam, and Thailand in 2012.

Technical Assistance to Philippines 7.

A project for technical assistance to Philippines was launched in August 2011 and the first phase ended in March 2012.

Technical Assistance funded by Japan-ASEAN Integration Fund [in preparation] 8.



#### 1. Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region

#### 2. ASEAN Forum on WP29

**Date** 

November 2011

**Place** 

Indonesia

**Purpose** 

•Exchange views and information in the fields of automobile technical regulations and a type approval system.

•Share the latest information on WP29 discussion.

**Participants** runei, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Japan, Korea, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam, etc.

160 representatives from both public and private sector in 2011

(Total number of participant: more than 2,000 from 19 Economies up to 2011)

Outcome

- Japan has provided the latest information on WP29 activities.
- It was confirmed that Asian economies would deepen their understandings of the merits of participation in WP29 and of accession to the 1958 Agreement.
- It was confirmed that each Asian economy may present its opinions so that their requests and proposals can be reflected at WP29.

The next Public and Private Joint Forum would be held in the Philippines this year.

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#### 3-2. Specific Measures of the Cooperative Program



#### 3. ACCSQ-APWG Workshop

**Date** 

One day prior to the task force meeting of APWG

**Place** 

Same venue as the APWG meeting

**Participants** 

Representatives from ASEAN regulatory bodies from both transport and industry sector, technical services and automotive industry

#### **Topics**

- Conformity of Production (COP) System under the 1958 Agreement and Japanese System
- Updated movement on World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP29)
- Electric Vehicle Standard

ACCSQ: ASEAN Consultative Committee on Standards and Quality APWG: Automotive Product Working Group



#### 4. Advanced Training Course

**Date** October 2012 for about 2 weeks

**Place** Japan

#### **Purpose**

i. Promote to apply technical regulations on safety and environment

ii. Promote international harmonization of vehicle regulations on safety and environment and mutual recognition of type approval

Participants Indonesia, Philippines, Vietnam.

#### **Program**

#### Lecture

- World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP29)
- 1958 Agreement and UN Regulation
- Latest information on discussions in WP29
- Internationalization of Regulation and Certification System

#### Technical tour

Technical service for type approval (NTSEL)



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#### 3-2. Specific Measures of the Cooperative Program



#### 5. JICA Training Course

**Date** November 2012 for about 3 weeks

Place Japan

#### **Purpose**

To provide useful advice and information and extend assistance to ASEAN Member States so as to develop their vehicle regulations and establish type approval systems.

Participants Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, Thailand.

#### **Program**

#### Lecture

- Motor vehicle safety and environment regulation and certification system
- Motor vehicle inspection and registration system
- Motor vehicle recall system
- Motor vehicle assessment etc.

#### **Technical tour**

- National Agency of Vehicle Inspection
- Designated vehicle maintenance shop etc.

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#### 6. JASIC Asia Expert Meeting

#### **Purpose**

(JASIC: Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center)

Dispatching JASIC experts to ASIAN countries

for encouragement of their better understanding of UN Regulations,
 for enhancement of their knowledge, skills, methods and

•for improvement of system such as certification system, COP system practically

(COP: Conformity of Production)

#### **Process**



P/P Joint Forum





Arrange Experts and dispatch them to the country to carry out the Expert Meeting





Country	Date	Theme
Malaysia	Jul. 2012	R100 (Electric Power Train) R40,83 (Exhaust Emission)
Vietnam	Aug. 2012	R34 (Prevention of Fire Risks) Recall
Thailand	Aug. 2012	R80 (Seats of large passenger vehicles) R117 (Tire rolling noise, wet grip adhesion, rolling resistance)





EX Meeting

11

#### 3-2. Specific Measures of the Cooperative Program



#### 7. Technical Assistance to Philippines

**Date** 

August 2011- March 2012

#### **Background**

In response to an official request from the Philippine government, Japan decided to carry out the Project.

#### **Topics**

- Study of the current situations
- Analysis on the Impact of new motor vehicle regulations and certification
- Development of the implementation approaches

#### **Output**

The Philippines government has established a Road Map to Accession to the 1958 Agreement and a Framework for Vehicle Regulation and Certification System.



#### 8. Technical Assistance funded by Japan-ASEAN Integration Fund [in preparation]

#### 1: Survey of the current situations

- Survey of the current situations of ASEAN countries such as existing vehicle regulations and certification, existing system, past approach of the vehicle regulations and certification and so on.
- Case study of introduction and implementation on motor vehicle regulations and certification in Japan and other countries

#### 2: Analysis of the impact of new vehicle regulations and certification

• Analysis of bottleneck and impact on safety, environment, stakeholders, society and so on

#### 3: Development of the implementation approaches

- Proposal regarding concept of motor vehicle regulations and certification, implementation system (organizational structure, role, committee, personnel), schedule of the implementation, etc.
- Preparation of draft of new vehicle regulations and certification

#### 4: Seminar and training

 Seminars for both public and private stakeholders and training necessary for the implementation on new vehicle regulations and certification etc.

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#### 4. Conclusion



- □ Asian economies can promote safer and more environmentally-friendly motor vehicles through the harmonization of regulations & mutual recognition of certification and the accession to the UN 1958 Agreement.
- □ Japan is ready to support such efforts through "ASEAN-Japan Cooperative Program on Development of Technical Regulations and Establishment of a Type Approval System for Vehicles" endorsed at the 8th ASEAN-Japan Transport Ministers Meeting.
- □ Japan will launch the new project funded by Japan-ASEAN Integration Fund (JAIF) to assist the improvement of the motor vehicle regulation and certification system so as to enhance the safety of motor vehicles and to reduce the environmental burden.



# Thank you for your attention!











# Keynote Speech-2

Honorable Joseph Emilio Abaya Secretary, DOTC, Philippines









# Keynote Speech-3

Ir. Mohamad Bin Dalib Chairman of ACCSQ-APWG Task Force

# Guest of Honor from Land Transportation Office, Republic of the Phillippines

### Mr. Takao Onoda

Director of Road Transport Bureau Ministry of Land Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT)

### Mr. Yoshihiro Nanto

Director General Japan Automotive Standards Internationalisation Center (JASIC) Delegates of the Second Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region Automotive Industry Associations

Distinguished Guests, Ladies and Gentlemen

### A PLEASANT DAY TO ALL OF US...

First of all, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to Japan Automotive Standards Internationalisation Center (JASIC) and Ministry of Land Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT) of Japan for the kind invitation to me to give a Speech on the occasion of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region.

It is unfortunate, however, that Mr.Isagani Creencia Erna have to attend to an equally important commitment as part of his main obligation to service the Working Group Meetings in ASEAN. It so happened that the events are scheduled at the same time, so on behalf of the Task Force of APWG, I will deliver the speech for the purpose of this forum..

In January 2011, the 1<sup>st</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region was held in Japan and it gave the opportunity for all of us to learn from the various presentations and subsequently, In November 2011, the 2<sup>nd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region was held in Indonesia. Both Forums shared about the activities of ASEAN in the automotive sector, in particular the activities related to the integration initiatives in ASEAN. Never-the-less,the spirit of ASEAN is very much represented today noting that most of the representatives of the Automotive Product Working Group in ASEAN are joining the Forum and their collective views represent the view of ASEAN.

### Ladies and Gentlemen...

The automotive sector is one of the priority sectors identified for integration in ASEAN with the aim of achieving ASEAN Economic Community by 2015. In the area of standards and conformance, the support to integration initiative is geared towards reducing, if totally eliminating, technical barriers to trade (TBT). In this regard, the Automotive Product Working Group (APWG) was established by the ASEAN Consultative Committee for Standards and Quality (ACCSQ) to study and develop mechanisms to address trade barriers caused by differing standards and technical regulations in the automotive sector. For the benefit of non-ASEAN delegates, the

ACCSQ is the sectoral body in ASEAN created by ASEAN Economic Ministers and mandated to address Technical Barriers to Trade in the priority product sectors in the region in order to facilitate the free flow of quality and safe goods in ASEAN. Tariffs and duties of imported goods have significantly reduced in ASEAN which encourages trade in the region, however if other impediments to trade, such as compliance to technical regulations of importing country still exists then the probability of delaying the entry of products could happen. This is where the elimination of TBT comes into the picture.

For its part, the Automotive Product Working Group has made progress on identifying and developing mechanism to reduce TBT to facilitate trade of automotive products in ASEAN through, among others:

- Harmonisation of Standards and Technical Requirements;
- Mutual Recognition of Conformity Assessment Results; and,
- Capacity Building Programmes, among its various activities.

These three mechanisms are the main focus of my speech in this Forum.

### Firstly, Harmonisation of Standards and Technical Requirements...

Using international standards as basis of national standards is one of the important elements in harmonisation. The APWG has agreed on adopting UNECE Regulations as basis of common standards and technical requirements for ASEAN. As we all know UNECE Regulations is the internationally recognised Regulations or requirements in the automotive sector. In order for the automotive products to be sold globally, it has to meet UN regulations. Countries with automotive manufacturing industry have to put into consideration the international Regulations for global market and competitiveness.

While it is acknowledged that each Member State has its own prioritisation in terms of the applicable UN regulations to be applied nationally, it is worthwhile to mention that in ASEAN, 19 UNECE Regulations have been agreed for harmonisation by 2015. It took a significant amount of time to arrive at the common UNECE regulations for harmonisation in ASEAN noting the different level of capability and technical infrastructure of ASEAN Member States. Agreeing with 19 UNECE Regulations is just the beginning of the harmonisation process. The more challenging part of scrutinising the relevant UNECE regulations to have unified standard and technical requirements is yet to be seen and awaits further discussions. One thing for sure, using common reference standard as basis of test and certification, provides opportunity for wider market access and international recognition. Harmonised standards and technical requirements are pre-requisite to mutual recognition.

This brings me to the second trade facilitation mechanism – *Mutual Recognition of Conformity Assessment Results* 

With the common basis of test and certifications for the product, coupled by testing and certification at the source country on behalf of the importing country reduces the burden of duplicate testing and certification. This is the principle behind the development of Mutual Recognition Arrangements (MRA) for Type Approval of Automotive Products in ASEAN.

Some country requires testing and certification or approval of product against a standard prior to selling in their country in order to make sure that the products are safe and of good quality. At times this requirement is incorporated in the laws, rules or regulations of the country making compliance to standards mandatory. This system has been accepted as a legitimate right of a country in order to enforce a certain requirements. However assuring the safety and quality of the product does not necessarily require testing by importing country alone noting the equally reliable and competent testing and certification bodies available for the product outside the country.

The ASEAN MRA on Type Approval for Automotive Products provides a regional arrangement to accept testing and certification issued by competent Technical Services following the competence criteria and procedure stipulated in the MRA. The competent criteria follow the internationally acceptable system and procedures in conformity assessment system in order to gain benefits of the already existing technical infrastructure by the countries. The MRA has also taken into consideration the UN 1958 Agreement as the base criteria of recognition and procedures. The ASEAN MRA on Type Approval of Automotive Products is progressing in its development however I must admit that there are important issues that need to be addressed before ASEAN can move further in the completion of MRA. These steps are important in making sure that everyone are achieving common objective for the benefit of all ASEAN Members.

It is also important for all ASEAN Members to fully appreciate the MRA mechanism to make it useful and beneficial not only for those who have the capability to utilize it fully but would also provide avenue for those who are still developing their automotive industry to see greater opportunity for them. The MRA therefore serves as a capacity building for the industry.

**Capacity Building Programme** is important component for harmonisation and mutualrecognition.

ASEAN is privileged to enjoying generous support from donor countries or dialogue partners in pursuing the integration initiative agenda in ASEAN. Japan for instance has been at the forefront in providing this support in the automotive sector by way of training, workshops, meetings and conferences.

Previously, there was a workshop on Vehicle Type Approval (VTA), Conformity of Production (COP) procedure and UN regulations held in July 2011 in Jakarta has provided clearer picture in approaching a harmonised UN regulations and MRAs. The APWG had a problem in determining the differences among the 19 UNECE regulations in terms of specific requirements of each UN Regulations. The workshop had provided the needed information on the different versions of each UNECE Regulation which the APWG was looking for clarification.

The various trainings and workshops in the past have definitely provided inputs in what the APWG has reached so far in the area of harmonisation and mutual recognition.

This Third Private/Public Forum is another opportunity of capacity building for ASEAN as delegates participate in the discussion through exchange of information and sharing of experiences with other countries and be updated on the developments in the automotive sector not only in Asia but also in the world.

Ladies and Gentlemen...

I shared some mechanisms that ASEAN through the Automotive Product Working Group is doing. Let me summarise this by saying that ...

- the work of harmonisation and mutual recognition are the key mechanisms towards trade facilitation in ASEAN;
- the automotive sector is following these steps and is progressing one step at a time;
- moving forward with common goal and vision are important to advance together as a Region;
- reducing the development gap in ASEAN between countries with advance automotive industry and countries with newly developing automotive industry is enhancing ASEAN as a region.
- this would not be possible without the support of generous and kind assistance from dialogue partners. The APWG would be able to achieve its milestone as it continues to work together and shape the ASEAN automotive industry as a region towards a single community in 2015.

In closing, let me thank once again Japan Automotive Standards Internationalisation Center (JASIC) and Ministry of Land Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT) of Japan for this opportunity; and of course to the government of Indonesia for hosting this important event.

I wish every one a productive and fruitful Forum.

TERIMA KASIH...









Report-1:
Report from Industries

Mr. Kiminori Hyodo Chairman of Regulation and Certification Systems Committee, JAPIA

(1/55)

## Our Asian Internationalization

# accelerates the worldwide Prosperous economy and Safe vehicle society

with international Regulation and MRA of Components and Vehicles



Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region 4,5, Dec. 2012 Mr.Kiminori HYODO



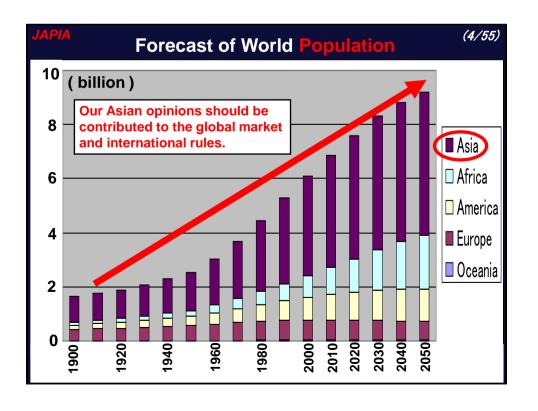
JAPIA

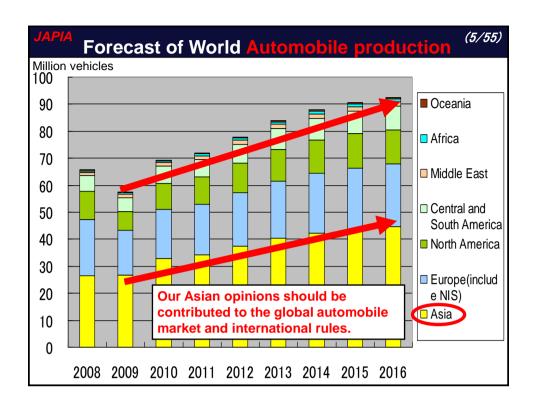
### My presentation Agenda

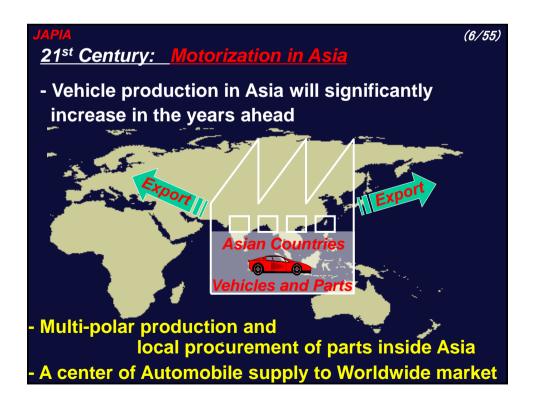
(2/55)

- 1- Asian Power in 21st Century
- 2- Internationalization accelerates Asian Competitive Power
- 3- The closest path for Internationalization
- 4- Merits of UN-Reg(1958 Agreement)
- 5- How about current situation in Asia?
- 6- Certification System of Components and Vehicles
- 7- Our Collaboration among Auto Parts Industries Associations In the world



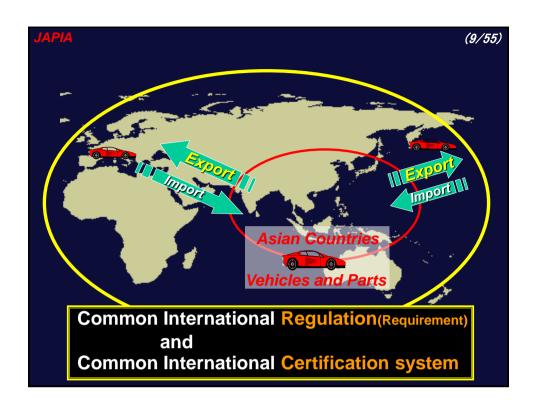






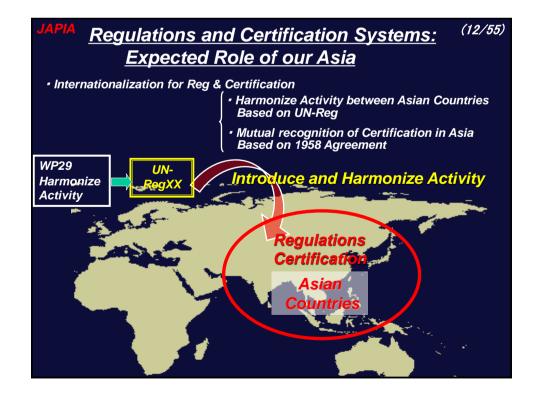


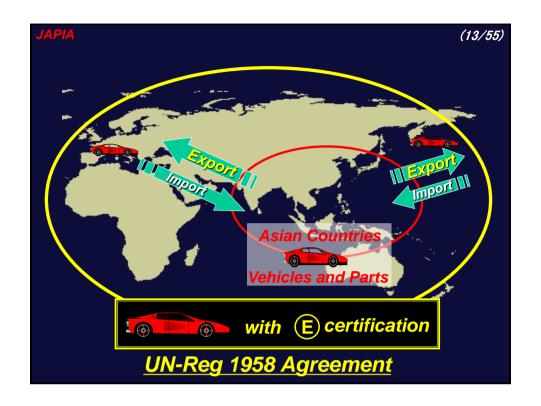


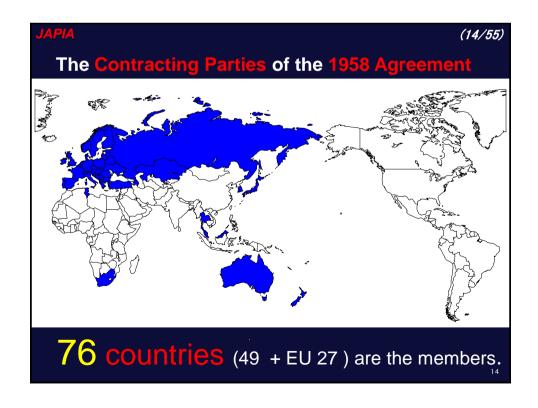












JAPIA (15/55)



4-

# Merits of

**UN-Reg(1958 Agreement)** 



(Mutual Recognition of Approvals)

JAPIA (17/55)

# Benefit from Introduction of Technical Requirements of UN Regulation

- It is relatively easy to place products reflecting new technologies on the market.
  - Technical requirements of UN Regulation are established at an international level.
- Existing technologies can be also used continuously..
- Products with the same spec can be distributed to many countries.
  - Technical requirements of UN Regulations are international and have been already accepted in many countries.
  - It will get easy to distribute vehicle equipment/parts, as international commodities.

Many countries will benefit by technologies with an adequate level of safety/environmental performance.

JAPIA (18/55)

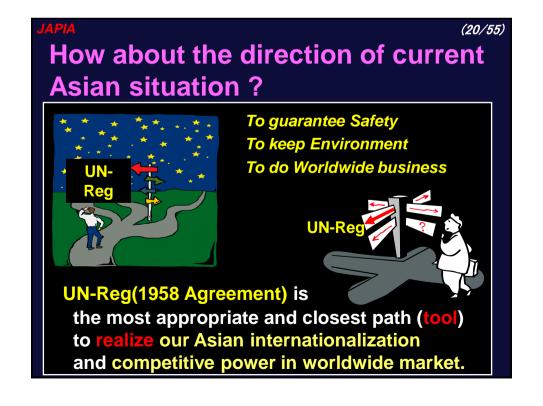
# Benefit from Adoption of UN Regulation / Reciprocal Recognition of E-Approval

- if One certification (E-Approval) becomes sufficient as a proof of conformity to each domestic regulation by adopting UN Regulations, the placing on the market of vehicle equipment/parts, as international commodities, will get easier in each country.
  - Overlap of tests and procedures for certification will be avoided.
  - That leads to lower costs.
  - End users in each country may be able to use vehicle equipment/parts in the same performance level.

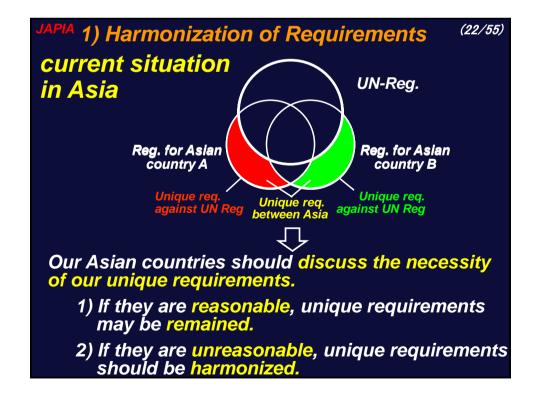


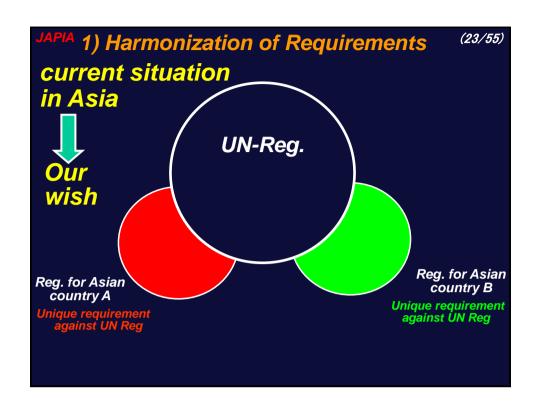
Those measures have great advantage for end users, as well as manufacturers.

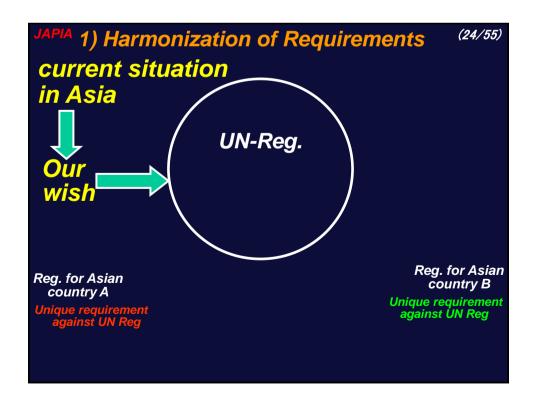


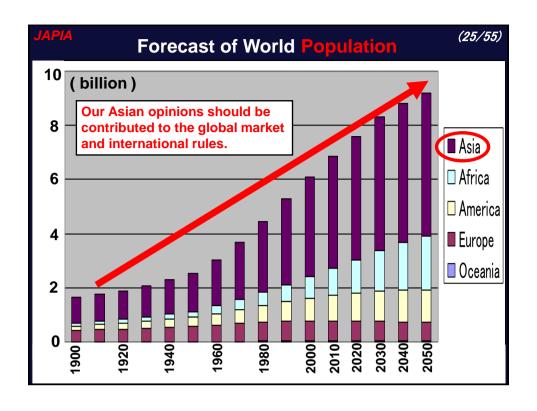


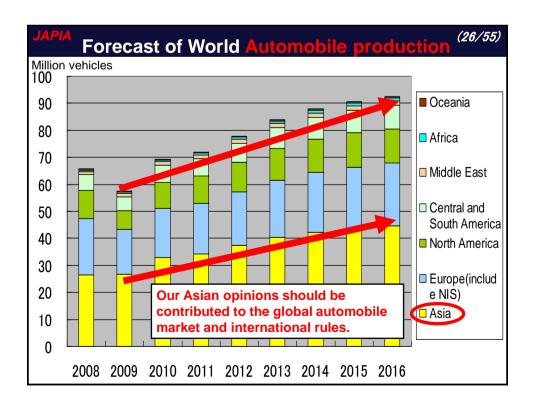




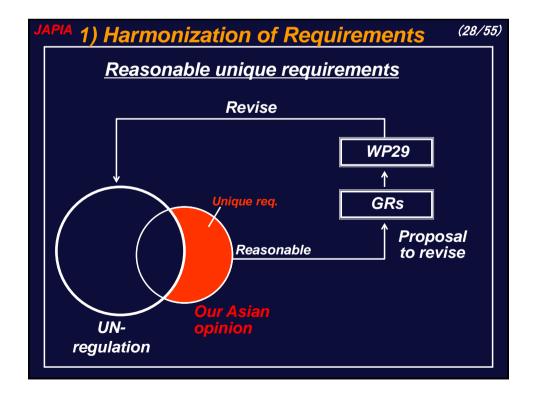




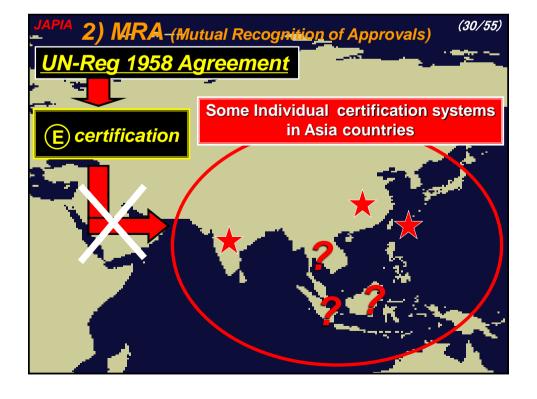


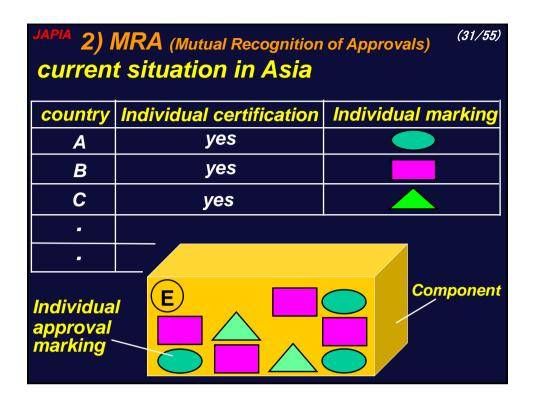


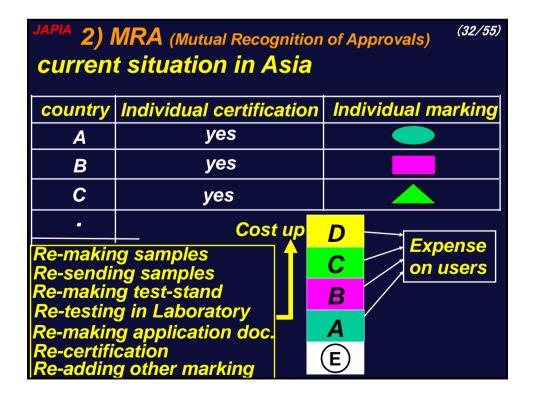


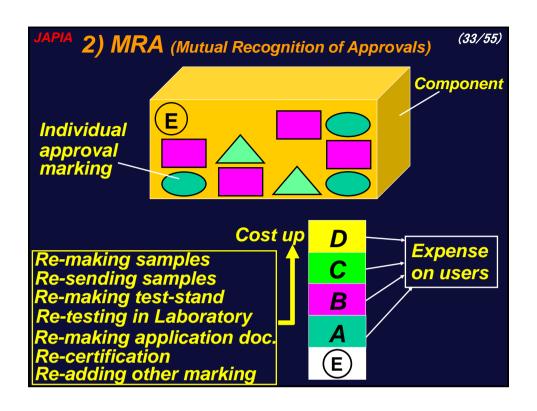


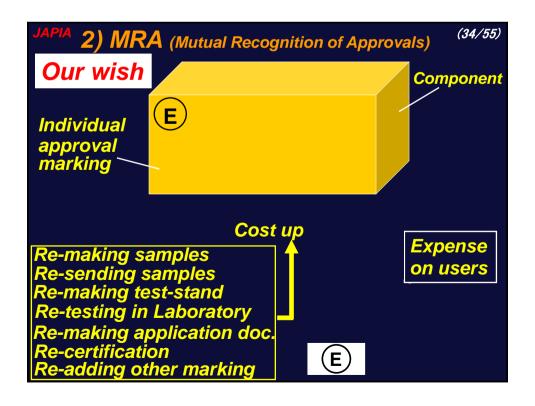






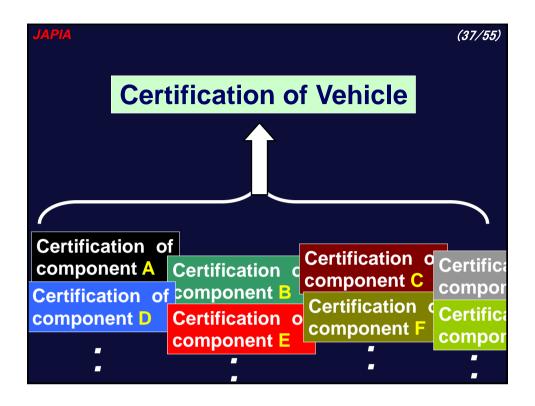














JAPIA (39/55)

### **Imagine** again

~John Lennon ~

Imagine there's no heaven it's easy if you try no hell below us above up only sky imagine all the people living for today...

Imagine no possessions
I wonder if you can
no need for greed or hunger
a brotherhood of man
Imagine all the people
sharing all the world...

Imagine there's no countries it isn't hard to do nothing to kill or die for no religion too

you may say I'm a dreamer but I'm not the only one I hope someday you'll join us and the world will be as one

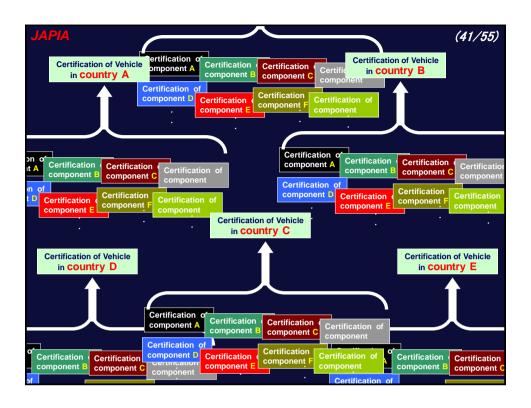
Let's Imagine ~ G/I meeting members ~

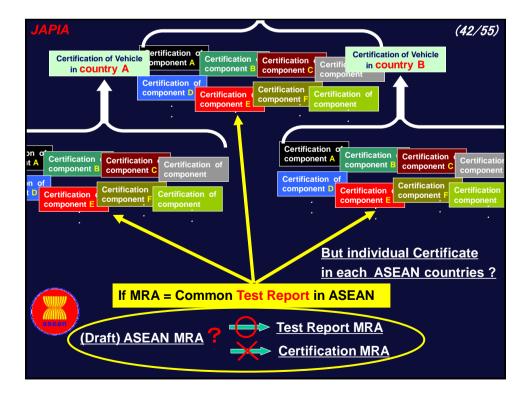
If each countries has

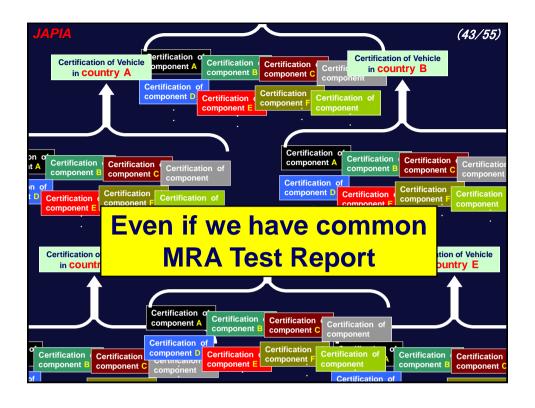
Individual Test Report (requirements)

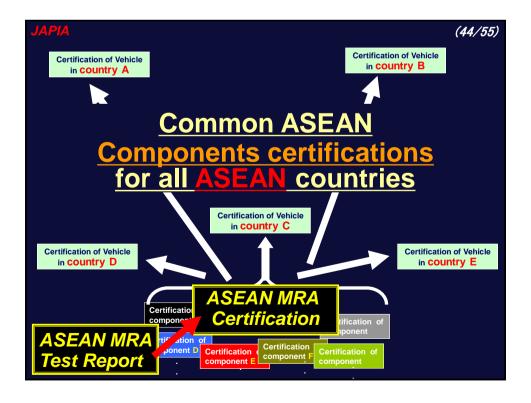
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Individual Certification system



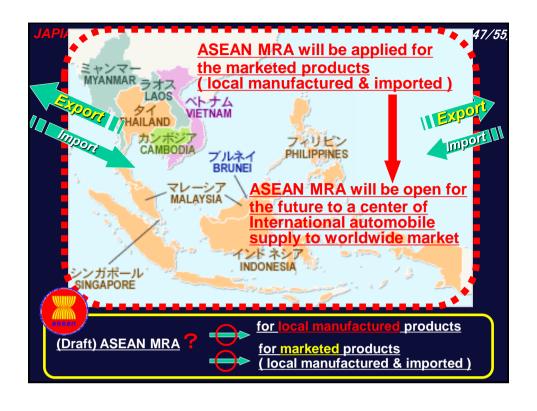










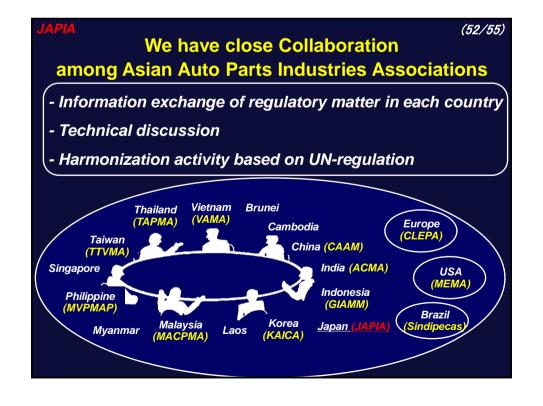


























# Debriefing session and discussion for WP29

Mr. Ushio Ueno Executive Director, Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center (JASIC)

## **Recent matters on WP29**

## **Ushio UENO**



# 158th WP29 session Date 13 - 16 November, 2012

Chairman: Mr. B. Gauvin (France)

Vice Chairman: Mr. B. Kisulenko (Russian federation)

List of participants

### **Government:**

Australia; Austria; Belgium; Bosnia and Herzegovina; Canada; China; Croatia, Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France; Germany; Hungary; India; Italy, Japan; Latvia; Luxembourg; Netherlands; Norway; Poland; Korea; Romania; Russian Federation; Slovakia; Colombia, South Africa; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; UK; US; EU

### Non Government:

ISO, AIT/FIA, OICA, IMMA, CLEPA, ETRTO, CITA etc.

### Chairman/Vice-Chairman of WP29/GR

### Asian countries will become Vice-Chairman of GR

Meeting	Chairman	Vice-Chairman
WP29	France	Russia
GRRF (Brake)	UK	Japan
GRB (Noise)	France	Russia
GRE (Lamp)	Canada	(To be confirmed)
GRPE (Emission)	Germany	India
GRSG (General Safety)	Italy	Hungary
GRSP (Passive Safety)	USA	Korea

## **Recent GR's Sessions**

### **GRRF** (Brakes and running gear)

- Proposal on Lane Keep Assist System (LKAS) and Parking Assist System (PAS) will be proposed soon by Japan
- R30, 54: definition of snow tire

### GRB (Noise)

Further amendment of Noise regulation (R41 and R51)

### **GRSG (General Safety)**

- Amendment on R34 and R46 will be proposed soon by Japan
- R46 camera, monitor system (ISO discussion first)
- R43 plastic glazing

Regulation on new technology, and Amendments of Regulations for IWVTA are discussed.

### New regulations agreed

New regulation for

**Advanced Emergency Braking Systems (AEBS)** 

Radar or Laser systems detect if vehicle in front is too close

Brakes may be applied automatically if necessary



### New regulation for

Lane Departure Warning Systems (LDWS)

System warns when driver is crossing road markings

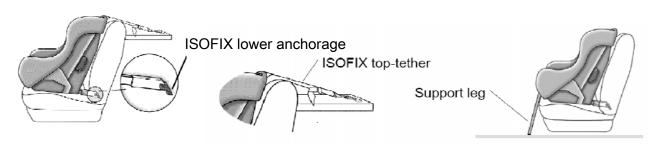
Can also warn when there is a vehicle in the adjoining lane.



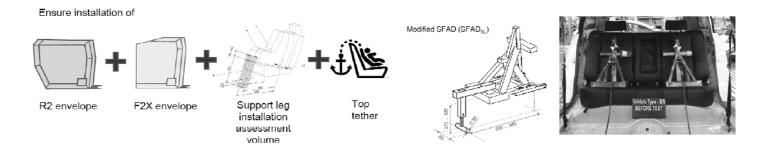
### New regulations agreed

### New regulation for CRS (ISOFIX universal Integral CRS)

ISOFIX Child Restraint System



### UN R14, 16 are also amended with new CRS regulation



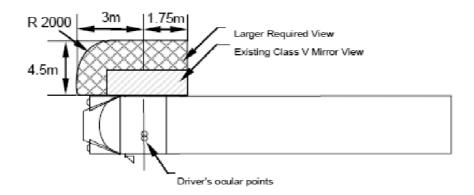
### **Agreed amendments of ASEAN 19 UN Regulations**

Reg. No	Regulation	Document No. ECE/TRANS/WP.29/	Contents
R14-07 Supp.4	Safety belt anchorages	2011/97, 42	Clarification, and Add requirements for new CRS
R16-06 Supp.3	Safety belts	2012/43	Add requirements for new CRS
R46-04	Devices for indirect vision	2012/87	(See next slide)
R49-06 Supp.1	Emissions of LPG and CNG engines	2012/103, corr.1	Add dual fuel engine requirement
R83-06 Suppl.3	Emissions of M1 & N1	2012/104,105	Review definition of gas fuel vehicles



### **Agreed amendments of ASEAN 19 UN Regulations**

### **UN R46-04 (Devices for indirect vision)**



Requiring larger required view of Class VI mirrors for N2 and N3 vehicles.

### Other topics at WP29

#### Proposals of new GTR

- Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Vehicles (HFCV)
- Tyres
- Worldwide harmonized Light Vehicle Test Procesures (WLTP)
- Pole Side Impact (PSI)
- Electric Vehcles (EV)
- Quiet Road Transport Vehicles (QRTV) .....

### New approach to lamp regulations

Consolidate current 47 lamp component regulations to 11 regulations Change to Performance-base requirements

### **Summary**

- Many new UN Regulations and GTR are (and will be) established CRS, AEBS, LDWS....
- 19 UN Regulations (ASEAN to introduce) are always updated

UN R13, 13H, 14, 16, 17, 25, 30, 39, 40, 41, 43, 46, 49, 51, 54, 60, 75, 79, 83

: UN Regulation amendments agreed at 157th WP29

: UN Regulation amendments agreed at 158th WP29

- 1958 agreement will be revised to be more attractive to the countries other than Europe, and IWVTA Regulation will be established.

Need to follow up WP29 discussion

Need to exchange information and study about WP29 topics in Asia











## Discussion for the future Forum based on 6th series

### Coordinator:

Mr. Takaki Kasai Co-Chairman, International Cooperation Committee, JASIC

## Roadmap of the 6th Series

## Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region

Takeshi Ishikawa Chairman, International Cooperation Committee



Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center http://www.jasic.org

### The 6th Series



- New Theme:
  - Promotion of the International Whole Vehicle
     Type Approval (IWVTA) concept under the UN
     Regulation framework for realizing harmonization
     of regulations and establishing Mutual
     Recognition of Approvals (MRA) in the region
- Period:
  - □ 5 years from 2011 to 2015

### The 6th Series



### Objectives

- 1 To establish a cooperation system for further international harmonization activities so that each Asian economy understands the WP29 activities and the merits of accession to the 1958 Agreement through the Public and Private Joint Forum.
- ② To coordinate and communicate integrated Asian voice to WP29 for development of the IWVTA and technical regulations.
- 3 To promote understanding on the IWVTA concept for development of the regional common Whole Vehicle Type Approvals system through the ASEAN MRA activities.

### Roadmap of the 6th Series



Objectives

To establish a cooperation system for further international harmonization activities so that each Asian economy understands the WP29 activities and the merits of accession to the 1958 Agreement through the Public and Private Joint Forum.

to the 1958 Agreement through the Public and Private Joint Forum.						
[Measures]		Fiscal Year (Apr. ~ Mar.)				
[weasures]	Preparation step for membership  Agree on the Roadmap  The Roadmap Fiscal Year (Apr. ~ Mar 2014 2013 2014)  Step of participation and the expansion of adoption  Consider cooperative network vision (vision of a new Publiand private joint forum)	2014	2015			
Establish a new function of public and private joint forum led by each Asian economy's government / industry	step for		and the ex	pansion \	Step of subjective participation for WP29	
organizations  □ Establish a framework that enables us to share the Asian fundamental policy	the	framework fo discussion or	network vis	sion new Public	Hold a new function forum by Asian	
<ul> <li>Establish a cooperative network that enable the unification of Asian economy's opinion</li> </ul>			and private joint		economy initiative	
<ul> <li>With the expansion of contracting parties of 1958 Agreement in the region, establish a task force for discussion of common issues</li> </ul>						
on harmonization of regulations and certification system		participate in	WP29			

### Roadmap of the 6th Series



- Objectives
  - 2 To coordinate and communicate integrated Asian voice to WP29 for development of the IWVTA and technical regulations.

[Measures]		Fiscal \	Year (Apr.	~ Mar.)	
		2012	2013	2014	2015
Ideal revision on current 58 agreement for the sake of Asian economy's positive participation to refer better proposal into WP29 and reflect the Asian opinion for WP29 as necessary	Understan Agreemen regulations approval s	t, Technical s, Type	Step of accordand the explanation	\	Step of subjective participation for WP29
<ul> <li>Consideration of Ideal IWVTA so that Asian economy can make positive adoption and reflect the Asian opinion for WP29 as necessary</li> <li>In response to the current technology level, consider the requirement and the technology level suitable for Asian economies and reflect the Asian opinion for WP29 as necessary</li> <li>Discuss about "Advanced technology" related to the future technical regulations</li> </ul>	Agree on the Roadmap	discovere	the issues wh d during n for WP29 " a		Create /submit Asian cooperative proposals to WP29

Page:5

### Roadmap of the 6th Series



- Objectives
  - ③ To promote understanding on the IWVTA concept for development of the regional common Whole Vehicle Type Approvals system through the ASEAN MRA activities.

[Measures]		Fiscal Year (Apr. ~ Mar.)			
[ivieasures]	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<ul> <li>Consideration of harmonized vehicle type approval system suitable for ASEAN</li> </ul>		nding of oncept, of ssue	Step of vision harmonized type approv	vehicle	Formulation and proposal
<ul> <li>Understanding of IWVTA concept</li> </ul>		,		,	
<ul> <li>According to IWVTA and suitable for ASEAN, consideration of;</li> <li>Vehicle type, category, etc.</li> <li>Applicable regulation items</li> </ul>		Consolidate Asian economy's	Consider the which were discovered	9	Formulate ASEAN harmonized
		issues	"Considera ASEAN ha	ation of	vehicle type approval system
<ul><li>Requirement and technology level</li></ul>			system"		
<ul> <li>Step by step consideration of expansion of required items</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Consideration of minimization with unique requirements</li> </ul>					



### Thank you for your kind attention

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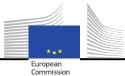




# Debriefing session and discussion for the 1958 Agreement and IWVTA

Mr. Johan Renders
European Union

Mr. Takao Onoda Director, MLIT, Japan



DG Enterprise and Industry

### **Review of the 1958 Agreement** objectives & perspectives

Johan RENDERS Legislative Officer Sustainable mobility & Automotive Industry Unit





**3rd Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region** 17th JASIC ASIA Government / Industry Meeting December 4-6, 2012, Manila-Philippines





Department of Transportation and Communications

LAND TRANSPORTATION OFFICE

1

DG Enterprise and Industry



Sustainable Mobility & Automotive Industry Unit

### objectives of the 1958 Agreement review

Maintain robust & reliable international framework, ensuring high level of safety & environmental





protection



3rd Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region 17th JASIC ASIA Government / Industry Meeting December 4-6, 2012 **Manila-Philippines** 



emerging

countries





### Proposed actions to make 1958 Agreement more attractive:

#### What will be maintained?

- ✓ Countries which are using self-certification in their national legislation, are not prevented from becoming Contracting Party to the 1958 Agreement and to apply its UN Regulations
- ✓ Application of UN Regulations nationally is not related to the existence of a type approval system.
- ✓ The rights of new Contracting Parties to the 1958 Agreement to declare that
  they will not apply certain Regulations or any of them.
- √ Right to start applying a Regulation at a later stage
- ✓ Right to cease application of a Regulation





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DG Enterprise and Industry



Sustainable Mobility & Automotive Industry Unit

### Proposed actions to make 1958 Agreement more attractive:

What will be new?

- ✓ Address the need for accommodating different levels of stringency in the application of UN Regulations by creating the possibility for Contracting Parties to issue and accept typeapprovals according to earlier versions of UN Regulations
- ✓ Flexible voting procedure: a Contracting Party can delegate in writing its presence for the purpose of the determination of the quorum and the right to vote on its behalf to another Contracting Party or regional economic integration organization to which the delegating CP belongs.













### Proposed actions to make 1958 Agreement more attractive:

What will (need to) be confirmed/clarified?

✓ the principle of mutual recognition of type-approvals:

CPs applying a Regulation cannot be obliged to accept type approvals issued pursuant to earlier versions of UN Regulations

CPs issuing type approvals pursuant to earlier versions of UN Regulations cannot refuse type approvals issued pursuant to the latest version of these UN Regulations

✓ special character of Regulation R0 on IWVTA (depending on the approach to be selected for the flexibility scheme).





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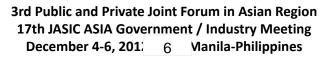
### Proposed actions to make 1958 Agreement more attractive:

Rights and Obligations of Contracting Parties applying a UN Regulation

- ✓ all CPs applying a UN Regulation have to accept type-approvals based on the latest version of that UN Regulation
- ✓ all CPs applying a UN Regulation are entitled, when complying with the competence criteria in Article 2, to issue type approvals pursuant to the latest version of that UN Regulation
- ✓ all CPS applying a UN Regulation have the right to participate in the preparation and voting of future amendments to that UN Regulation
- ✓ a CP applying a UN Regulation may also issue type-approvals pursuant to earlier versions of the UN Regulation (i.e. to preceding amendments or to the unamended UN Regulation), but other CPs applying the same UN Regulation cannot be obliged to accept such type-approvals

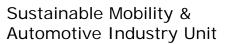














### Proposed actions to improve the functioning and reliability of the 1958 Agreement:

- ✓ Article 1: clarification of what UN Regulations shall cover (performance oriented requirements)
- ✓ Article 2: clearer and enhanced conditions to issue type-approvals
  - + more detailed provisions on **Conformity of Production** (Appendix 2)
  - + inclusion of criteria for technical services in Appendix 2
- ✓ Article 3: clarification of the principle of mutual recognition of type-approval certificates
- ✓ **Article 4:** extended **safeguard provisions**, in particular with regard to approved vehicles which nevertheless presenting a serious risk





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### Proposed actions to improve the functioning and reliability of the 1958 Agreement:

- ✓ Article 10: how to solve diverging interpretation issues between CPs concerning the application of UN Regulations (details in Appendix 2)
- ✓ Article 11: consider appropriateness of maintaining the exclusion clause
- ✓ Article 12: clarification of transitional provisions, in particular in view of the possibility to issue type-approvals pursuant to earlier versions of UN Regulations
  - + special amendment procedure for **new technologies**
- ✓ Article 13: flexible amendment procedure for Appendix 2

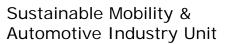














### Proposed actions to improve the functioning and reliability of the 1958 Agreement:

- ✓ Appendix 1: possibility for CPs to vote by delegation
   + flexible amendment procedure for Appendix 2
- ✓ Appendix 2: more detailed provisions on Conformity of Production
  - + inclusion of criteria for technical services
  - + how to apply for and how to conduct type-approval, as well as how to amend type-approvals
  - + procedures for resolving interpretation issues
  - + special amendment procedures for new technologies
  - + general conditions for virtual testing





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### Next steps:

- ✓ Consider feedback from the 3rd Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region
- ✓ Next drafting subgroup meeting on 22 + 23 January 2013 in Tokyo
- ✓ Meetings of IWVTA group and drafting subgroups from 6 to 8 March 2013 (Paris) to prepare submission of drafting proposals to WP.29-159
- ✓ Discussion in WP.29-159 with feedback to IWVTA group and drafting subgroup for finalising the draft proposal for the review of the 1958 Agreement

















### Panel Discussion:

### Part I

Requests to the 1958 Agreement and IWVTA from Asian economies and its reflection result, and the future request including the UN Regulation and GTR

Coordinator: Mr. Michio Miyamoto (Japan)
Panelists:

Japan, Malaysia, Thailand, India, Indonesia, Philippines



### **CONDITION IN MALAYSIA**



- 1) Weather in Malaysia:
  - hot and humid throughout the year
  - average rainfall 250 cm/year
  - average temperature 27 degree
- 2) Traffic situation in Malaysia (2010)

Year	2009	2010
Population	28,310,000	28,910,000
Vehicle ®	19,016,782	20,188,565
Accidents	397,330	414,421
Road Deaths	6,745	6,872

### **REGULATIONS UNDER WP29**

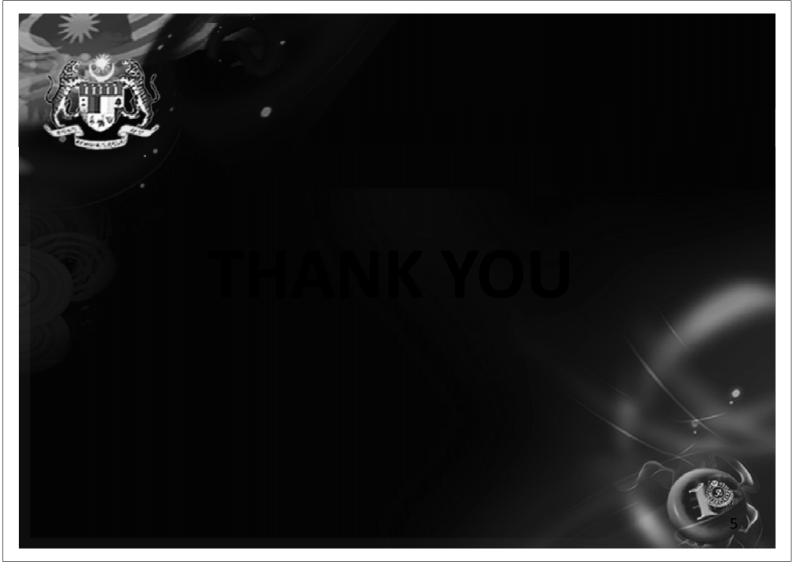
- 1) Requirements regulate based on weather and traffic condition in Europe
- 2) Example:
  - Extreme cold condition
  - dummy size and etc



### **REQUEST TO WP29**

- 1) To consider weather and traffic condition in ASEAN
  - size of dummy
  - heavy rain
  - crowd on the road





# Thailand's Request on the 1958 Agreement and IWVTA

Automotive Engineering Bureau
Department of Land Transport
November 2012

### **Amendment of 1958 Agreement**

- Add essential appendices for equal implementation of CP with the same understanding
- Open local conditions as an option in UN regulations as appropriate
- Correct existing of voting system for more fairer

### **Adding Essential Appendices**

- Qualification of technical services
- Procedure of type approval
- Whole vehicle type approval

### **Recommendation on IWVTA**

- IWVTA should be a voluntary regulation like others
- List of UN regulations under IWVTA should be divided to essential one and optional one by safety and environment criteria

### **Local conditions**

- Open local conditions as an option in UN regulations as appropriate e.g.
  - use ambient temperature during the test
  - skip any test which is required for CPs with non-tropical climate only

### **Voting system**

- Correct existing of voting system for more fairer by increasing majority vote e.g. 4/5, but not consensus vote
  - increase importance of an individual CP
  - encourage any individual CP to express his opinion









# The 3<sup>rd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region

- Day 2 -









### Country Report

"Short Presentation and speech on the develop the vehicle type approval systems in each Asian country"

Brunei
Cambodia
Hong Kong
Indonesia
Korea
Lao PDR
Malaysia
Myanmar
Singapore
Thailand
Vietnam
Chinese Taipei
Japan
Philippines

### QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE 3rd P/P JOINT FORUM

#### QUESTION 2: YOUR PARTICIPATION IN THE WP29 ACTIVITIES

#### 2-1. WP29 & GRs participation

- Participation record for 2012 and future plan for 2013

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	2012 records: We have been attending all of WP29 and GR meetings held so far and will attend all the forthcoming meetings as well.  Japan has been participated since 1977. In the beginning, Japan participated as observer.  2013 plans: We will attend all the meetings.
Korea	
Laos	2012 records: NONE 2013plans:Participate in the meeting hold by WP.29&GPs program
Malaysia	2012 records: 1 time 2013 plans: 1 time
Myanmar	2012: records: In JASIC Asia Government/Industry Meetings, Myanmar has been participating as an observer. At present, we apply and refer some of UNECE regulations in domestic type approval system.  2013: plans: We keep on cooperating with ASEAN and Japan for International Whole Vehicle Type Approval System.
Philippines	
Singapore	Plan to participate in WP29 & GRs as an observer.
Thailand	DLT: 2012 records: 157th WP.29 2013 plan: 160th WP.29, GRE
Vietnam	2012 records: Not attanding any WP29 and GR meetings 2013 plans: Not yet
Chinese Taipei	

- Name of participating organization (Such as specific authority in charge and relevant organizations)

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism(MLIT) and Japan Automobile Standards Internationalization Center(JASIC)
Korea	•
Laos	NONE
Malaysia	Ministry of Transport Road Transport Department of Malaysia (JPJ)
Myanmar	If Myanmar becomes one of the brethrens of WP 29 and GR, Road Transport Administration Department under Ministry of Rail Transportation and Ministry of Industry will be the participating organizations.
Philippines	
Singapore	Land Transport Authority (LTA), Singapore
Thailand	<ol> <li>Department of Land Transport, Ministry of Transport</li> <li>Thai Industrial Standards Institute, Ministry of Industry</li> <li>Thai Automotive Industry Association</li> <li>Automotive Industry Club of Federation of Thai Industries</li> </ol>
Vietnam	<ul> <li>Ministry of Transportation.</li> <li>Agency: Vietnam Register (Department of Ministry of Transportation)</li> <li>Concerned body: No</li> </ul>
Chinese Taipei	

#### 2-2. Accession to the 1958 Agreement and/or 1998 Agreement

- For Contracting Party to the Agreement

(Problems and tasks after the accession to the 1958 Agreement, etc. / Solutions or countermeasures for the problems and tasks)

- For Non-Contracting Party to the Agreement

(Planned year of the accession to the 1958 Agreement / Status of progress of the accession procedure, the action plan up to the accession / Problems and tasks concerning the accession, etc. / Solutions or countermeasures for the problems and tasks)

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	Post-participation problems: When an ECE regulation was introduced in Japan, it had been reflected to the domestic regulations after translated into Japanese. This process made the work for amending the domestic regulations longer and cumbersome and therefore, it was difficult to response timely to the amendments to the ECE regulations established at the WP29 three times a year. Problem/issue resolution measures: The process for amending the domestic regulations was improved in 2006, in which the technical requirements in the ECE regulations are directly referred to in the domestic regulations. This change in the process saves time and efforts for the work for amending the domestic regulations and enables us to response to incorporation of the amendments to the ECE
	regulations in a timely manner.
Korea	
Laos	Scheduled year for participation: NOT YET SCHEDULE Progress of participation procedures, action plan up to participation: NONE Participation problems, etc: NONE Problem/issue resolution measures: NONE
Malaysia	Acceded to both agreement since 4th April 2006 Post-participation problems: Technical Specification Understanding/Interpretation Problem/issue resolution measures: Training
Myanmar	To accede the WP 29 Agreements, it is still needed to improve infrastructure, technology, rules and regulations in vehicle manufacturing procedures.
Philippines	6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Singapore	Please see comments below for Non-Contracting Party Scheduled year for participation: No schedule for accession to the 1958 and 1998 Agreements. Progress of participation procedures, action plan up to participation: Considering benefits of signing the 1958 and 1998 Agreements. Participation problems, etc: Manpower and financial resources required to attend WP29 and GR meetings to monitor new development/amendments to UNECE Regulations. Problem/issue resolution measures: Singapore is not a vehicle-manufacturing country. We currently accept vehicles that have been designed and constructed to comply with UNECE Regulations and do not subject vehicles to additional tests. Hence, we are already market-friendly. Therefore, there is no compelling basis(strong justifications) nor immediate need to sign the 1958 and 1998 Agreements.
Thailand	Post-participation problems: Lack of experts, Technical knowledge of UN/ECE regulations Problem/issue resolution measures: Arrange expert meeting in Thailand, staff training oversea
Vietnam	Non-Contracting Party Scheduled year for participation: 2014 Progress of participation procedures, action plan up to participation: preparing new project to push up the process (highly support from vice-ministerial level)

	Participation problems, etc: Lack of expertise, testing facilities, take time from relevant					
	stakeholders' comment					
	Problem/issue resolution measures:					
	- Updating about process of 1958 agreement revise					
	- Review of current applied regulation					
	- Becoming observer of WP29 meeting.					
	- Staff training and expert meeting on technical Regulation					
	- Further discusions/meetings among some Ministries					
	- On process to get approval for the new project to push up					
Chinese Taipei						

### 2-3. What is your plan regarding the adoption UN/ECE Regulations?

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	Please see Answer sheets
Korea	
Laos	-
Malaysia	
Myanmar	For the time being, it cannot be designated.
Philippines	
Singapore	Please see Answer sheets
Thailand	There is no plan for ECE adoption but this issue is arranging to discuss among the stake-holders soon.
Vietnam	
Chinese Taipei	

#### 2-4. What is your practice or plan regarding the application of UN Regulations?

- Method of adoption: Accept or Refer to the UN Regulations

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	Method 1
Korea	
Laos	NONE
Malaysia	Accept
Myanmar	For the situation of Myanmar, we can refer to the UN Regulations
Philippines	
Singapore	Already accept UNECE certificates and test reports without subjecting vehicles to further tests. Also progressively make direct reference to UNECE Regulations in our technical regulations.
Thailand	<ul> <li>Using the relevant UNECE regulation as equivalent</li> <li>Accept test report issued by technical services under 1958</li> <li>Agreement as optional</li> </ul>

		UN/ECE certificate	UN/ECE test report	Re-testing in your country	Issue individual certificate	Individual approval marking
Vietnam	Imported vehicle/ Component	Accept	Accept	None	Yes	None
	Local Assembled vehicle/ Component	Refer	Not accept	Yes	Yes	None
Chinese Taipei						

#### **QUESTION 3: COMMENTS FOR PANEL DISCUSSION**

#### 3-1. When is the target for complicating the vehicle type approval system?

Cambodia China Hong Kong India Indonesia  Vehicle Type Approval system (VTA) has been already established in Japan.  In Japan, there is the governmental system which gives "certification" as the proof of conformity of vehicles with the technical requirements regarding the safety and environment of motor vehicles.  This system can be separated into two groups according to motor vehicles themselves and their components for its own.  Japan  At first, the system in which the motor vehicles themselves are given certificates is called "Vehicle Type Approval System".  Secondly, there is the certification called "Type Approval System for Devices" to improve the safety for the components of automobile like headlights or tires.  In fact, when Japan became the first non-European country to join the 1958 Agreement on the mutual recognition of approvals in 1998, this Type Approval System for Devices was newly introduced to utilize the harmonization of vehicle regulations and mutual recognition of approvals under the 1958 Agreement.  Korea  Laos  UNDER STUDY  Malaysia  Although we could not establish Vehicle Type Approval system, we refer and apply 1958 Agreement and its amendments in our domestic vehicle industry.  Philippines Singapore  Already have a vehicle type approval system.  New draft Act of Land Transport is jointly considering by DLT and the Council of State.  And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is gradually triggered this year onward.  Viet Nam already has Vehicle/Component type approval system. These systems are close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement	Brunei					
Hong Kong   India	Cambodia					
India Indonesia  Vehicle Type Approval system (VTA) has been already established in Japan.  In Japan, there is the governmental system which gives "certification" as the proof of conformity of vehicles with the technical requirements regarding the safety and environment of motor vehicles.  This system can be separated into two groups according to motor vehicles themselves and their components for its own.  At first, the system in which the motor vehicles themselves are given certificates is called "Vehicle Type Approval System".  Secondly, there is the certification called "Type Approval System for Devices" to improve the safety for the components of automobile like headlights or tires.  In fact, when Japan became the first non-European country to join the 1958 Agreement on the mutual recognition of approvals in 1998, this Type Approval System for Devices was newly introduced to utilize the harmonization of vehicle regulations and mutual recognition of approvals under the 1958 Agreement.  Korea  Laos  UNDER STUDY  Malaysia  Already established  Myanmar  Already have could not establish Vehicle Type Approval system, we refer and apply 1958 Agreement and its amendments in our domestic vehicle industry.  Philippines  Singapore  Already have a vehicle type approval system.  New draft Act of Land Transport is jointly considering by DLT and the Council of State.  And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is gradually triggered this year onward.  Viet Nam already has Vehicle/Component type approval system. These systems are close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement	China					
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Korea  Laos UNDER STUDY Malaysia Already established  Myanmar Although we could not establish Vehicle Type Approval system, we refer and apply 1958 Agreement and its amendments in our domestic vehicle industry.  Philippines Singapore Already have a vehicle type approval system.  New draft Act of Land Transport is jointly considering by DLT and the Council of State. And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is gradually triggered this year onward.  Viet Nam already has Vehicle/Component type approval system. These systems are close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement		In Japan, there is the governmental system which gives "certification" as the proof of conformity of vehicles with the technical requirements regarding the safety and environment of motor vehicles.  This system can be separated into two groups according to motor vehicles themselves and their components for its own.  At first, the system in which the motor vehicles themselves are given certificates is called "Vehicle Type Approval System".  Secondly, there is the certification called "Type Approval System for Devices" to improve the safety for the components of automobile like headlights or tires.  In fact, when Japan became the first non-European country to join the 1958 Agreement on the mutual recognition of approvals in 1998, this Type Approval System for Devices was newly introduced to utilize the harmonization of vehicle regulations and mutual				
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Myanmar  Although we could not establish Vehicle Type Approval system, we refer and apply 1958 Agreement and its amendments in our domestic vehicle industry.  Philippines  Singapore  Already have a vehicle type approval system.  New draft Act of Land Transport is jointly considering by DLT and the Council of State.  And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is gradually triggered this year onward.  Viet Nam already has Vehicle/Component type approval system. These systems are close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement	Laos	UNDER STUDY				
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Thailand  New draft Act of Land Transport is jointly considering by DLT and the Council of State.  And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is gradually triggered this year onward.  Viet Nam already has Vehicle/Component type approval system. These systems are close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement						
Thailand And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is gradually triggered this year onward.  Vietnam Vietnam Vietnam Viet Nam already has Vehicle/Component type approval system. These systems are close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement	Singapore					
close to Type approval system under the 1958 Agreement	Thailand	And it will take time for the consideration of the Parliament. However current vehicle parts type approval system, which is accumulated subset of whole vehicle type approval, is				
Chinese Taipei						
	Chinese Taipei					

### 3-2. What are the reasons behind not setting a schedule for adopting the UN-R items?

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	
Korea	
Laos	LACK OF KNOWLEDGE
Malaysia	Not Applicable
	Barrier for setting a schedule for the ECE items would be:
Myanmar	1) We are still observing
	2) We are not ready to adopt those items right now
	3) We would like to take time for above mentioned matter
Philippines	

Singapore	Already accepts vehicles that have been designed and constructed to comply with UNECE Regulations or other international standards such as the Japanese Safety Regulations and US Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards, or their equivalent.
Thailand	One Notification on Vehicle Part/System Type Approval System (R41) which is in line with UN regulation has been implemented the beginning of this year. This is an opportunity for both government and (motorcycle) industry sectors to acquaintance with the type approval on UN regulation. More further notification regarding to vehicle part/system type approval system will be issued in future. After this step, plan for adopting UN Regulations will be discussed among the stake-holders.
Vietnam	N/A
Chinese Taipei	

### 3-3. How do you minimize your unique subjects?

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	It should be considered that the international system which aims to minimize unique subject of each country, for example, notification of technically rational explanation and concrete contents of unique subjects to the countries adopting IWVTA.
Korea	
Laos	-
Malaysia	Giving option to industry to choose UN R or MS
Myanmar	-
Philippines	
Singapore	We plan to progressively incorporate the other UNECE Regulations in our technical regulations.
Thailand	Introducing notification in line with UN regulations as many as possible and also encourage WP.29 to draft UN Regulations on essential subjects for vehicle.
Vietnam	Applying new project to support for
Chinese Taipei	
APWG TF	Establish ASEAN Automotive Committee (AAC)

#### **QUESTION 4: ASIA EXPERT MEETING**

#### 4-1. Expert Meeting Plan

In your country, are there any plans to hold some Expert Meeting(s) within three years from now on? (Agenda, Contents, and Name of person in charge of Expert Meetings planned in 2013. 2014, and 2015)

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	
Korea	
	2013: PLANED
Laos	2014: PLANED
	2015: PLANED
	2013: Construction of Vehicle (Including Protection) (UN R36,52,58,73,93,and 107)
Malaysia	2014: Prevention of fire risk (R34) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC): R10
	2015: Mechanical Coupling (R55), Interior Fitting (R21), External Projection(R26)
Myanmar	-
Philippines	
Singapore	No specific plan. We will consider participating in such Expert Meetings on an ad hoc basis.
	Out 157
Thailand	2013: UN regulations concerning electric vehicle (safety and environmental aspects)
Inaliand	2014: R87, R123
	2015 : R12, R94, R95
Vietnam	2013: Agenda: August 2013 Content: Electric Vehicle
	Res Person: Vietnam Register
	2014: Vehicle recycle and In-use motorcycle emission polution inspection 2015: N/A
Chinaga Tainai	2015; N/A
Chinese Taipei	

#### 4-2. Any other comments

Do you have any request for, opinions about, or other comments regarding the Expert Meetings?

Brunei	
Cambodia	
China	
Hong Kong	
India	
Indonesia	
Japan	
Korea	
Laos	NONE
Malaysia	
Myanmar	-
Philippines	
Singapore	N.A
Thailand	-
Vietnam	
Chinese Taipei	

### SPECIAL QUESTIONAIRE

## Question 1: Tasks to Be Addressed Regarding Objective 1 (Collaboration Towards Promoting Regulation Harmonization Activities) of the Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region

#### 1-1. Any idea for gathering and summarizing Asia's opinions on WP.29?

Brunei		
Cambodia		
China		
Hong Kong		
Indonesia	IASIF	<ol> <li>Establish platform communication concerning every result of WP29 Meeting.</li> <li>Highlight the revision from the last version of ECE Regulations in each GR meeting and which was adopted by WP29 voting conclusion, and distribute to the each ASIA's economy.</li> <li>Ask respond from each ASIA's economy related with each economy's condition.</li> </ol>
Japan		
Korea		
Laos		
Malaysia	JPJ	conduct meeting back-to-back with ACCSQ-APWG meeting
Myanmar	MORT	A website for gathering and summarizing Asia's opinions on WP 29 should be set up.
Philippines	DOTC	To formally create a focus group (technical working group (TWG)) with member from Asian Region to discuss and come up with a road map of accession to WP29
Singapore		
Thailand	DLT	Unofficial discussion via e-mail. But if you need official reply, it should be an official letter.
Vietnam	VR	agree with suggestion Hold discussion meeting back to back P&P meeting Set up a website
Chinese Taipei	VSCC	To collect practical information and summarize, a Certification Circle is first priority to establish. A Certification Circle is a group of experts for communicating, sharing and discussing the relevant experience and idea. The next step would be setting up a website to make experience exchange efficient and to develop as a Knowledge Management.

#### 1-2. Any idea for communicating Asia's opinions on WP.29 to the UN?

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
Indonesia	IASIF	<ol> <li>Concluded the items which will be summited to WP-29 in the Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region.</li> <li>Encourage each economy to attend and present their respective ideas /opinions.</li> </ol>	
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ	conclusion (wrap-up) through back-to-back meeting with ACCSQ-APWG	
Myanmar	MORT	NA	
Philippines	DOTC	In the case of the Philippines, its roadmap for accession to WP29 is already finalized. Every member economy may attend workshop where each plans or road map are presented.	
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	Yes, delegate of each contracting party in Asia can present his/her opinion at WP.29. If Asia countries are non CP of Agreement under WP.29, it may request the Chairman of WP.29 to present their opinion.	
Vietnam	VR	Communicate through about mentioned meeting and e-mail by representatives	
Chinese Taipei	VSCC	In contrast to the idea of EU, Asia-oriented Forum could also be reasonably allowed to be a member of WP29.	

### 1-3. Any idea for reflecting these opinions by utilizing the Public and Private Joint Forum?

	1		
Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
Indonesia	IASIF	<ol> <li>Yes, the Asia's opinions on WP29 be included in the Summary of Public and Private Joint Forum.</li> <li>In the Public and Private Joint Forum, assigned the representative of Asia's economies to present the opinions to the WP29.</li> </ol>	
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ	Budget which already confirmed for Public and Private Forum can be used to assist the ACCSQ-APWG meeting	
Myanmar	MORT	NA	
Philippines	DOTC	Creating a website where members can register opinion and recommendation or hold regular meeting, seminars/workshops	
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	It is possible if these opinions are only preliminary.	
Vietnam	VR	Updating situation in P & P meeting	
Chinese Taipei	VSCC	WP29 should allow the opinions to be reflected by the Forum as a position such as observer or else proper, any member of which can decide any time to attend relevant and interested meeting. To have all the expert travel a long way at least twice a year is very restricted for any country to follow and be present. It also is a contradiction to the global goal for CO2 emission reduction.	

## Question 2: Tasks to Be Addressed Regarding Objective 2 (Reflecting Opinions on the 1958 Agreement and IWVTA at WP.29) of the Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region?

#### 2-1. Consensus

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		Still need coordination and consolidation among Stakeholders.
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Malaysia already acceded WP29 since 4th April 2006.
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	The Philippines due to the recently completed JICA assistance have adequate information on the 1958 Agreement
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	1	Take a long procedure for approval from high-level official
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

#### 2-2. Human resources

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		Still in the process to assign dedicated personnel to handle this issues.
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Malaysia already established 2 special units to handle VTA and Regulations issues.
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	Identify country focal person who will react on all communications and activities relate to 1958 Agreement
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	2	Lack of experienced person; English barrier
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

#### 2-3. Knowledge/experience

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		<ul> <li>Capacity-building is not going well, not related with competency based</li> <li>Not enough knowledge &amp; experiences to establish technical Services, certification, needs more on the job training</li> <li>Need certification of personnel with no experience as well as preparatory workshops on the internationalization of automotive standards.</li> <li>We didn't know that we can use Technical Services in other regions.</li> </ul>
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Even the special units already established, Malaysia still required frequent trainings to ensure the competency of all officers.
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	We have people who got his information from JICA assisted project but is dispensing the assignment adopting multi-tasking due to limited resources
Singapore			

Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	3	lack of experience then need training
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

### 2-4. Funding

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		We have yet prepared budget, because this activities is not in the priority program.
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Describe specifically: Although there are required big amount of money to join WP29, Malaysia is currently trying our best to participate in WP29.
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	There is a need to train people in the accreditation of technical services, including staff of the technical services itself
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	2	financial limitation
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

### 2-5. Organization

ъ .	1	1	
Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		<ul> <li>We have established IASIF (Indonesia Automotive Standard Internationalization Forum)</li> <li>We are in the preparation to level up IASIF to be IASIC as permanent body with special staffs.</li> </ul>
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		JPJ will handle the implementation of UN Regulations in Malaysia
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	Limited fiscal resources and no dedicated office to handle the activities
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	3	We have yet to establish a group capable of handling the issues
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

### **2-6. System (UN-related problems)**

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		<ul> <li>We do not understand the accreditation system for the reputation of Technical Services accredited by designated body authorized by WP29</li> <li>Difficult to propose the new UN Regulation because of current voting system.</li> </ul>
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Each contracting parties agreed the agreement upon consultation with related agencies in the respective countries. Therefore, any changes in the agreement itself must be referred to the related agencies especially Attorney General Chamber
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	Fair chance and voting power among member economies such as voting rights
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	

Vietnam	VR	2	We would like to be explain again voting system of 1958 Agreement
Chinese Taipei	VSCC	-	WP29 is a area handling worldwide automobile issue. It focuses on the benefits of eliminating the technical barrier and promoting harmonization. With this in mind, Any economic area should be covered and allowed to attend. So WP29 should be transformed into Economy-oriented instead of Nation-oriented.

### **2-7. System (National problems)**

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		<ul><li>Still need coordination and consolidation among Stakeholders</li><li>There is not enough testing facility or trained testing personnel</li></ul>
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		The amendment of the original agreement may reflect the gazette act in Malaysia.
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	Limited manpower, testing facilities and financial resources
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	2	There is a lack of testing facility and trained testing personnel
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

### 2-8. Regulations (UN-related problems)

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		Some of the regulations are unnecessary in Asia. E.g., cold emission requirements are unnecessary
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		UN should consider the weather conditions worldwide, not limited to European countries only.
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	Voluntary imposition on the part of the member economy is preferred
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR		some difference in vehicle using condition then need difference in some item application of regulation(ex: cold emission)
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		

### **2-9. Regulations (National problems)**

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		We have not decide the priority UN Regulations for ASEAN MRA.
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Most of latest amendment regulations may be adopted in Malaysia. However, it is still required the implementation of previous series for Emission related items (fuel quality).
Myanmar	MORT		
Philippines	DOTC	-	There is a need to standardize/harmonize classification and regulation
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	2	-

|--|

#### 2-10. Social conditions

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF		There is no merit for us since we don't export complete motor cycles.
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		Implementation of UN Regulations will ensure the safety of vehicles and users. Therefore, Malaysia is supporting the harmonization of WP29
Myanmar	MORT		-
Philippines	DOTC	-	The Philippines is not strong in vehicle export
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	3	No obstacle
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

#### **2-11. Other**

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia			
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ		-
Myanmar	MORT		Myanmar is not a car manufacturer country. At present, we cannot even produce the parts of the car. To accede the 1958 Agreement or 1998 Agreement, it needs to promote our existing situation such as rules and regulations, infrastructure, system, funding, capacity-building and human resources. Technology, skill employees and adequate test machines should be installed. So, not only inter governments' effort but also external partner governments' or international organizations' supports are actual needed.
Philippines	DOTC	-	There is a need to support the export of CBU industry in the country
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	X	Thailand is already a contracting party of 1958 Agreement.
Vietnam	VR		NA
Chinese Taipei	VSCC	-	WP29 is a area handling worldwide automobile issue. It focuses on the benefits of eliminating the technical barrier and promoting harmonization. With this in mind, Any economic area should be covered and allowed to attend. So WP29 should be transformed into Economy-oriented instead of Nation-oriented.

# Question 3: Tasks to Be Addressed Regarding Objective 3 (Development of Vehicle Type Approval System under the ASEAN MRA) of the Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region

### **3-1.** Can you understand what the IWVTA is for (its concept and merits)?

If "No": Is there anything that you need to know to understand it?

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF	Yes	-
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ	Yes	
Myanmar	MORT	Yes	
Philippines	DOTC	Yes	
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	_
Vietnam	VR	Yes	No re-test => save money
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

# 3-2. Can you propose to apply your country's vehicle certification system to the ASEAN MRA without any modification?

If "No": What changes should be made to your certification system so that it can be applied?

Brunei			
Cambodia			
China			
Hong Kong			
India			
Indonesia	IASIF	No	Under study
Japan			
Korea			
Laos			
Malaysia	JPJ	No	There are lot of discussion must be conducted before we can answer this question
Myanmar	MORT	-	To answer the question, it needs to discuss between the related organizations in our country.
Philippines	DOTC	Yes	
Singapore			
Thailand	DLT	-	-
Vietnam	VR	Yes	Because our system is mostly based on EU's system
Chinese Taipei	VSCC		-

# Question 4: Are there any items that you would like us to support and for which our support would be effective?

Brunei		
Cambodia		
China		
Hong Kong		
India		
Indonesia	IASIF	Yes, based on the above answer we would like to discuss the items with JASIC.
Japan		
Korea		
Laos		
Malaysia	JPJ	We would like to support continuous cooperation between Japan and ASEAN especially Malaysia.
Myanmar	MORT	-
Philippines	DOTC	More inputs on vehicle regulations and technical services implementation
Singapore		
Thailand	DLT	Local conditions should be allowed as the option e.g. local ambient temperature for conducting the test.
Vietnam	VR	Training and supporting testing facility
Chinese Taipei	VSCC	-

**Economy: JAPAN** 

#Please enter 'x' mark in the corresponding column with reference to a question 2-4-1.

				1							-
ECE	ltem	#Impr	ementatio method	on/plan	Imprementation/plan	Effectiv	ve date	Approval	Technical	remark	
No.			Accept	Refer	date(year)	for new type of vehicle(year)	for new vehicle(year)	Authority	Services	Temark	
3	REFLEX REFLECTORS										Adopte
4	REAR REGISTRATION PLATE LAMPS										
6	DIRECTION INDICATORS										Adopte
7	FRONT AND REAR POSITION(SIDE) LAMPS, STOP LAMPS AND END-OUTLINE MARKER LAMPS										Adopte
10	ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY										Adopte
11	DOOR LATCHES & HINGES										Adopte
	BRAKING (M1,N1)										Adopte
	SAFETY BELT ANCHORAGES										Adopte
	SAFETY BELTS										Adopte
17	SEATS										Adopte
19	FRONT FOG LAMPS										Adopte
21	INTERIOR FITTINGS										1 '
23	REVERSING LAMPS										Adopte
26	EXTERNAL PROJECTIONS										Adopte
28	AUDIBLE WARNING DEVICES										Adopte
30	PNEUMATIC TYRES (PASSENGER VEHICLE)										Adopte
34	PREVENTION OF FIRE RISKS										1
37	FILAMENT LAMPS										1
38	REAR FOG LAMPS										Adopte
39	SPEEDOMETER										Adopte
43	SAFETY GLAZING MATERIALS										
44	CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS										Adopte
45	HEADLAMPS CLEANERS										Adopte
46	REAR-VIEW MIRRORS										
48	INSTALLATION OF LIGHTS										Adopte
51	NOISE										
55	MECHANICAL COUPLING										
64	TEMPORARY-USE SPARE WHEELS/TYRES										
77	PARKING LAMPS										Adopte
79	STEERING EQUIPMENT										]
83	THE EMISSION OF POLLUTANTS ACCORDING TO ENGINE FUEL REQUIREMENTS										

ECE	ltom	#Imprementation/plan method			Imprementation/plan	Effectiv	ve date	Approval	Technical	romark	
No.	ltem	Adopt	Accept	Refer	date(year)	for new type of vehicle(year)	for new vehicle(year)	Authority	Services	remark	
85	MEASUREMENT OF ENGINE POWER										
89	SPEED LIMITATION DEVICES										
91	SIDE-MARKER LAMPS										Adopted
	PROTECTION OF THE OCCUPANTS IN THE EVENT OF A FRONTAL COLLISION										Adopted
95	PROTECTION OF THE OCCUPANTS IN THE EVENT OF A LATERAL COLLISION										Adopted
98	GAS-DISCHARGE HEADLAMPS										Adopted
99	GAS-DISCHARGE LIGHT SOURCES										
100	BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLES										Adopted
101	EMISSION OF CARBON DIOXIDE AND FUEL CONSUMPTION (PASSENGER CAR)										
112	HEADLAMPS (WITH AN ASYMMETRICAL PASSING BEAM)										Adopted
116	PROTECTION AGAINST UNAUTHORIZED USE										Adopted
117	THE APPROVAL OF TYRES WITH REGARD TO ROLLING SOUND EMISSIONS										•
119	CORNERING LAMPS										Adopted
121	THE LOCATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF HAND CONTROLS, TELL-TALES AND INDICATORS	х			2013(provisional)	undecided	undecided	MLIT	NTSEL		
123	ADAPTIVE FRONT-LIGHTING SYSTEMS				,						Adopted
125	THE FORWARD FIELD OF VISION										

"Adopt" means "use the UN/ECE certificate for the vehicle (component) type approval / mutual recognition systems as the Contracting Party of the 1958".

"Accept" means "use the UN/ECE certificate for your approval" or "use the UN/ECE certificate for your test result even without adoption of UN/ECE regulations under the Contracting Party of 1958 Agreement".

"Refer" means "introducing the technical requirements of the UN/ECE regulations into your own country laws or/and regulations sometimes adding or changing some of them."

# Regulation list of N1(Light duty track) for vehicle type approval

**Economy: JAPAN** 

#Please enter 'x' mark in the corresponding column with reference to a question 2-4-1.

ECE	I Itom		ementation method		Imprementation/plan	Effectiv	ve date	Approval	Technical	remark	
No.		Adopt	Accept	Refer	date(year)	for new type of vehicle(year)	for new vehicle(year)	Authority	Services	Temark	
3	REFLEX REFLECTORS										Adopted
4	REAR REGISTRATION PLATE LAMPS										
6	DIRECTION INDICATORS										Adopted
7	FRONT AND REAR POSITION(SIDE) LAMPS,										Adopted
10	STOP LAMPS AND END-OUTLINE MARKER LAMPS		1								
10	ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY										Adopted
11	DOOR LATCHES & HINGES										_
13	BRAKING (N, M2, M3, O)		1								4
13H	BRAKING (M1,N1)										Adopted
14	SAFETY BELT ANCHORAGES										Adopted
16	SAFETY BELTS										Adopted
17	SEATS										Adopted
19	FRONT FOG LAMPS		<u> </u>								Adopted
21	INTERIOR FITTINGS										
23	REVERSING LAMPS		<u> </u>								Adopted
28	AUDIBLE WARNING DEVICES										Adopted
34	PREVENTION OF FIRE RISKS										
37	FILAMENT LAMPS										
38	REAR FOG LAMPS										Adopted
39	SPEEDOMETER										Adopted
43	SAFETY GLAZING MATERIALS										
44	CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS										Adopted
45	HEADLAMPS CLEANERS										Adopted
46	REAR-VIEW MIRRORS										7
48	INSTALLATION OF LIGHTS										Adopted
51	NOISE										7
54	PNEUMATIC TYRES (COMMERCIAL VEHICLE)										Adopted
61	EXTERNAL PROJECTIONS (COMMERCIAL VEHICLE)										7 '
	PARKING LAMPS										7
79	STEERING EQUIPMENT										7
83	THE EMISSION OF POLLUTANTS ACCORDING TO ENGINE FUEL REQUIREMENTS										
85	MEASUREMENT OF ENGINE POWER										

ECE	Itama		ementation method	-	Imprementation/plan	Effectiv	ve date	Approval	Technical	wo moule	
No.	ltem	Adopt	Accept	Refer	date(year)	for new type of vehicle(year)	for new vehicle(year)	Authority	Services	remark	
89	SPEED LIMITATION DEVICES										
91	SIDE-MARKER LAMPS										
95	PROTECTION OF THE OCCUPANTS IN THE EVENT OF A LATERAL COLLISION										Adopted
98	GAS-DISCHARGE HEADLAMPS										Adopted
99	GAS-DISCHARGE LIGHT SOURCES										
100	BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLES										Adopted
101	EMISSION OF CARBON DIOXIDE AND FUEL CONSUMPTION (PASSENGER CAR)										
112	HEADLAMPS (WITH AN ASYMMETRICAL PASSING BEAM)										Adopted
116	PROTECTION AGAINST UNAUTHORIZED USE										Adopted
117	THE APPROVAL OF TYRES WITH REGARD TO ROLLING SOUND EMISSIONS										
119	CORNERING LAMPS										Adopted
121	THE LOCATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF HAND CONTROLS, TELL-TALES AND INDICATORS	х			2013(provisional)	undecided	undecided	MLIT	NTSEL		
123	ADAPTIVE FRONT-LIGHTING SYSTEMS						_				Adopted

"Adopt" means "use the UN/ECE certificate for the vehicle (component) type approval / mutual recognition systems as the Contracting Party of the 1958".

"Accept" means "use the UN/ECE certificate for your approval" or "use the UN/ECE certificate for your test result even without adoption of UN/ECE regulations under the Contracting Party of 1958 Agreement".

"Refer" means "introducing the technical requirements of the UN/ECE regulations into your own country laws or/and regulations sometimes adding or changing some of them."

### Regulation list of L(Motorcycle) for vehicle type approval

<b>Economy:</b>	JAPAN

#Please enter 'x' mark in the corresponding column with reference to a question 2-4-1.

EC	Hann.	#Imprementation/plan method			Imprementation/plan	Effectiv	ve date	Approval	Technical	romork	
E No.	Item	Adopt	Accept	Refer	date(year)	for new type of vehicle(year)	for new vehicle(year)	Authority	Services	remark	
3	REFLEX REFLECTORS										Adopted
	FRONT AND REAR POSITION(SIDE) LAMPS, STOP LAMPS AND END-OUTLINE MARKER LAMPS										
9	NOISE (THREE-WHEELED VEHICLES)										
10	ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY										Adopted
28	AUDIBLE WARNING DEVICES										Adopted
37	FILAMENT LAMPS										
39	SPEEDOMETER										Adopted
40	EXHAUST EMISSION (MOTOR CYCLE)										
41	NOISE (MOTOR CYCLE)	Х			2013(provisional)	undecided	undecided	MLIT	NTSEL		
46	REAR-VIEW MIRRORS										
47	EXHAUST EMISSION (MOPED)										
50	LIGHTS (MOPED, MOTOR CYCLE)										
53	INSTALLATION OF LIGHTS (MOTOR CYCLE)										
60	DRIVER OPERATED CONTROLS (MOPED, MOTOR CYCLE)										
62	PROTECTION AGAINST UNAUTHORIZED USE (MOTOR CYCLE)										Adopted
63	NOISE (MOPED)										
74	INSTALLATION OF LIGHTS (MOPED)										
75	PNEUMATIC TYRES (MOPED, MOTOR CYCLE)										Adopted
78	BRAKING (CATEGORY L)										Adopted
81	REAR-VIEW MIRRORS (MOTOR CYCLE)										Adopted
112	HEADLAMPS (WITH AN ASYMMETRICAL PASSING BEAM)										Adopted
113	HEADLAMPS (WITH A SYMMETRICAL PASSING BEAM)										

"Adopt" means "use the UN/ECE certificate for the vehicle (component) type approval / mutual recognition systems as the Contracting Party of the 1958".

"Accept" means "use the UN/ECE certificate for your approval" or "use the UN/ECE certificate for your test result even without adoption of UN/ECE regulations under the Contracting Party of 1958 Agreement".

"Refer" means "introducing the technical requirements of the UN/ECE regulations into your own country laws or/and regulations sometimes adding or changing some of them."

# Malaysia

# **Gazette and Enforcement of UN Regulations**

#### **Statistic of Gazette and Enforcement of UN Regulations**

Gazette Year	Number of UN Regulation	Department/Agencies Involved
1997	3	Department of Environment (DOE)
2007	12	
2010	4	Ministry of Transport (MOT) and Road Transport
2011	35	Department (RTD)
2012	1	
TOTAL	55	

Table A: Gazette between Year 1997 to 2010

No.	UN Regulation	Description	Gazette Date	Enforcement Date
1.	R 15	Exhaust Emission		
2.	R 49	Diesel Emission	1 January 1997	1 January 1997
3.	R 24	Diesel Smoke		
4.	R 66	Superstructure Strength Of Public Service Vehicle		1 January 2008
5.	R 30	Pneumatic Tyres		1 January 2010
6.	R 54	Pneumatic Tyres (Commercial Vehicle)		1 January 2010
7.	R 108	Retreaded Pneumatic Tyres		1 January 2010
8.	R 109	Retreaded Pneumatic Tyres (Commercial Vehicles)		1 January 2010
9.	R 16	Safety Belt	1 January 2010	
10.	R 36	Construction On Public Service Vehicle	2007	1 January 2012
11.	R 48	Installation Of Lights (HID)		1 January 2012
12.	R 52	Construction Of Small Capacity Public Service Vehicle		1 January 2012
13.	R 80	Seats (Large Passenger Vehicle)		1 January 2012
14.	R 98	Gas Discharge Headlamp		1 January 2012
15.	R 99	Gas Discharge Headlamp (Light Sources)		1 January 2012
16.	R 116	Protection Against Unauthorized Use		1 July 2010
17.	R 97	Vehicle Alarm System	7 April 2010	1 July 2010
18.	R 18	Protection Against Unauthorized Use	7 April 2010	1 January 2012
19.	R 62	Protection Against Unauthorized Use		1 January 2012

# Table B : Gazette in Year 2011

Gazette Date: 15 December 2011

Enforcement Date : 1 January 2012 (Enforced through VTA Application only)

No.	UN Regulation	Description
1.	R100	Construction of Battery Electric Vehicle
2.	R3	Reflex Reflector
3.	R6	Direction Indicators
4.	R7	Front and Rear Position (Side) Lamps, Stop Lamps and End-Outline Marker
5.	R13	Braking
6.	R13H	H-Braking
7.	R14	Seatbelt Anchorage
8.	R17	Seats
9.	R25	Head Restraint
10.	R28	Audible Warning Device
11.	R39	Speedometer
12.	R40	Exhaust Emission (Motorcycle)
13.	R41	Noise (Motorcycle)
14.	R43	Safety Glass
15.	R46	Rear-view Mirrors
16.	R48*	Installation of Lights (HID)
17.	R50	Lights (Motorcycle)
18.	R51	Noise
19.	R53	Installation of Lights (Motorcycle)
20.	R58	Rear Under-run Protection
21.	R69	Rear Marking Plates for Slow Moving Vehicle
22.	R70	Rear Marking Plates for Heavy and Long Vehicle
23.	R73	Lateral Protection (Goods Vehicle)
24.	R75	Tyre (Motorcycle)
25.	R78	Braking (L Category)
26.	R79	Steering Equipment
27.	R81	Rear-view Mirrors (Motorcycle)
28.	R83	Gaseous Pollutants
29.	R90	Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies
30.	R93	Front Under-run Protection
31.	R94	Protection of the Occupants in the event of a Frontal Collision
32.	R95	Protection of the Occupants in the event of a Lateral Collision
33.	R104	Retro-reflective Markings for Heavy and Long Vehicles
34.	R112	Headlamps (Assymetrical)
35.	R113	Headlamps (Symetrical)

### Table C : Gazette in Year 2012

Gazette Date : 4 April 2012

No.	UN Regulation	Description
1.	R22	Protective Helmet & Visor for driver & passenger of motorcycle and moped

### Table D : Prior to Gazette in Year 2012

Gazette Date : 2012

Enforcement Date : 1 January 2015 (Enforced through VTA Application only)

No.	UN Regulation	Description
1.	R4	Rear Registration Plate Lamp
2.	R10	Radio Interference Suppression
3.	R11	Door Latches and Hinges
4.	R19	Front Fog Lamps
5.	R21	Interior Fittings
6.	R23	Reversing Lamps
7.	R26	External Projection
8.	R34	Prevention of Fire Risks
9.	R37	Filament Lamps
10.	R38	Rear Fog Lamps
11.	R44	Child Restraint
12.	R45	Headlamp Cleaners
13.	R55	Mechanical Coupling
14.	R60	Driver Operated Control (Motorcycle)
15.	R61	External Projection
16.	R64	Temporary Spare Tyres
17.	R77	Parking Lamps
18.	R89	Speed Limitation Device
19.	R91	Side-marker Lamps
20.	R101	Emission of Carbon Dioxide and Fuel Consumption (Passenger Car)
21.	R117	Tyres with regard to rolling sound emission
22.	R119	Cornering Lamp
23.	R121	Hand Controls, tell-tales and indications

# The 3<sup>rd</sup> Public & Private Joint Forum in Asian Region -The 17<sup>th</sup> JASIC ASIA Government/Industry Meeting-

# Prepared by:

**Department of Transport** 

Ministry of Public Works and Transport, Laos.

5th December 2012@ Crowne Plaza HotelManila, Philippines.

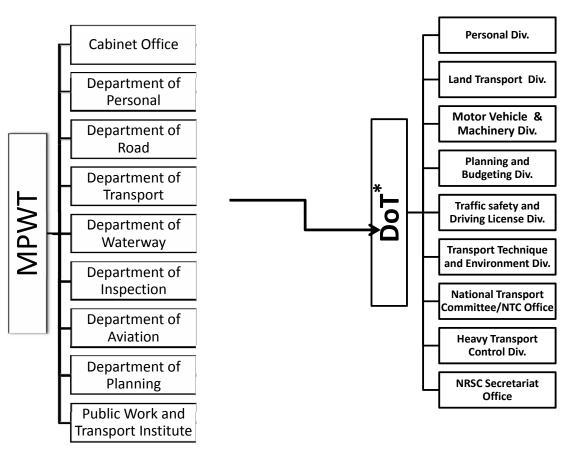
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# **Content**

- 1. Organization Chart
- 2. Legislation
- 3. Implementation of Vehicle Safety and Quality Control
- 4. Problems/challenges
- 5. Future directions

[ 2 ]

# 1. Organization Chart



# \*Term of Reference

The main duty of Department of Transport is:

- To manage, improve and expand the system of land transport;
- To set up the transport and logistics strategy plan;
- To set up legislations such as vehicle safety standards, vehicle registrations and so on;
- To issue driving licenses including Lao international license.

3

(4)

# 2. Legislation

# Existing Laws/Regulations

- Road Traffic Law No 02/NA, Date 8 Apr 2000 (updating)
- Land Transport Law No 03-97/NA, Date 12 Apr 1997 (updating)
- Regulation No 4312/MCTPC, Dated 11 Nov 2002
- Regulation No 829/MCTPC, Dated 15 Mar 2000
- Prime Ministerial Decision No 78/PM, Dated 03 Jul 2012

[ 5 ]

# 3. Implementation of Vehicle Standard and Quality Control

- > Responsibility Body
  - 1. Ministry of Industry and Commerce (Import-Export Dept.)
  - 2. Ministry of Public Works and Transport (Transport Dept.)
  - 3. Ministry of Finance (Custom Dept.)
  - Regulation No 4312/MCTPC, date 11 Nov 2002 (left hand side and manufacturing certificate).
- New vehicle: Based on the certification of manufacturing or dealers.
- Used Vehicle: Heavy Machinery and Equipment (Prime Ministerial Decision No 78/PM, Date 03 July 2012)

6

# **Parts/Components**

### Whole Vehicle



# Comparison of UNECE and Laos on Vehicle Category

#### Laos

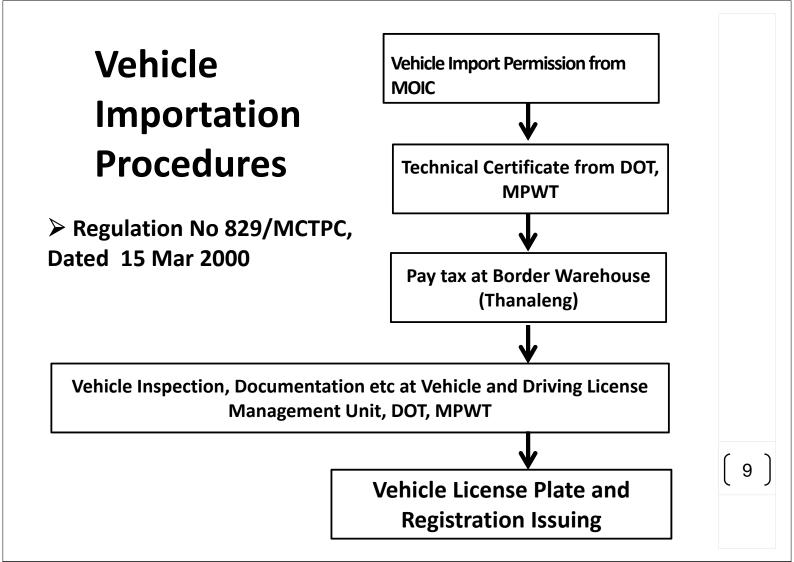
Class	Vehicle Category
৭	Motorcycle
ສ	3 wheels motorcycle (Tuk Tuk)
ກ	Light vehicle (car, pick up, jeep, mini bus-up to 7 seats)
ย	All trucks, trailer, Bus

#### UNECE Vehicle Category

L	Motorcycle	
M1	Passenger vehicle	
M2,M3	Bus	Allenda
N1	Light duty truck	
N2, N3	Heavy duty truck	
0	Trailer	

R ef. UN/E CE /WP29/RE3

 $\left(\begin{array}{c}7\end{array}\right)$ 



# Problems/Challenges

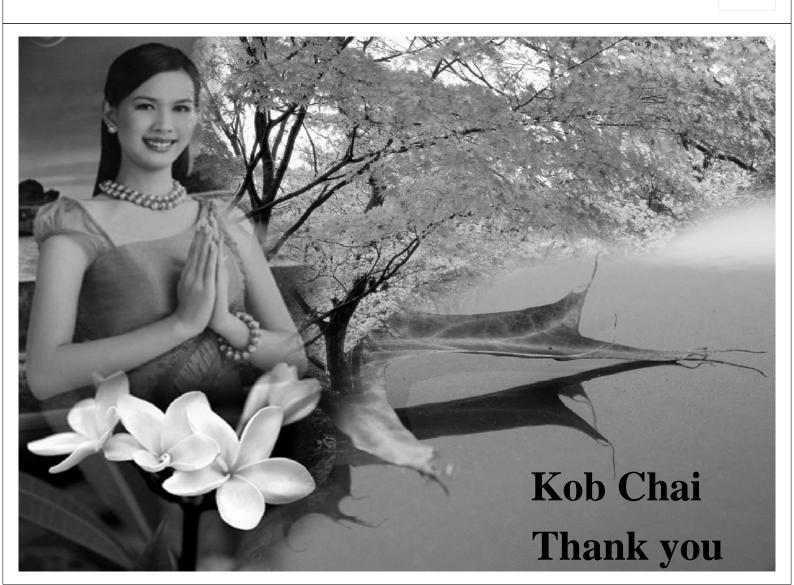
- Inadequate specific law and regulation concerning to vehicle standard in order to control the vehicle assemble factory across country
- 2. Lack of knowledge and experiences on how to create Vehicle Type Approval System
- 3. Lack of human resources in particularly mechanical engineer and specialist due to field

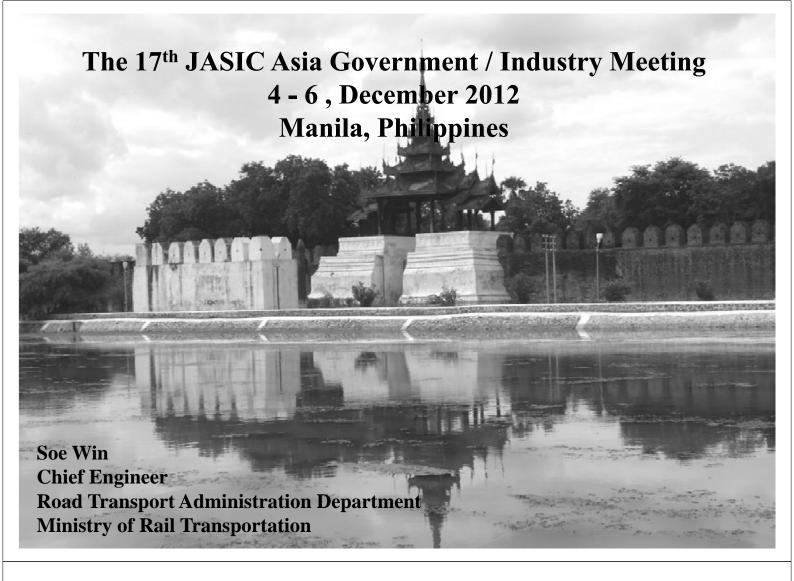
[ 10 ]

# **Future Directions**

- 1. Developing and Improving laws and regulations e.g. Road Traffic Law, Decree on Motor Vehicle Standard
- 2. Classify vehicle category in the way of UN regulation
- 3. Develop vehicle registration and new license plate (ASEAN/GMS)
- 4. Modern vehicle management (ITS)
- 5. Cooperation with ASEAN countries in order to create and develop vehicle standard in the country

(11)

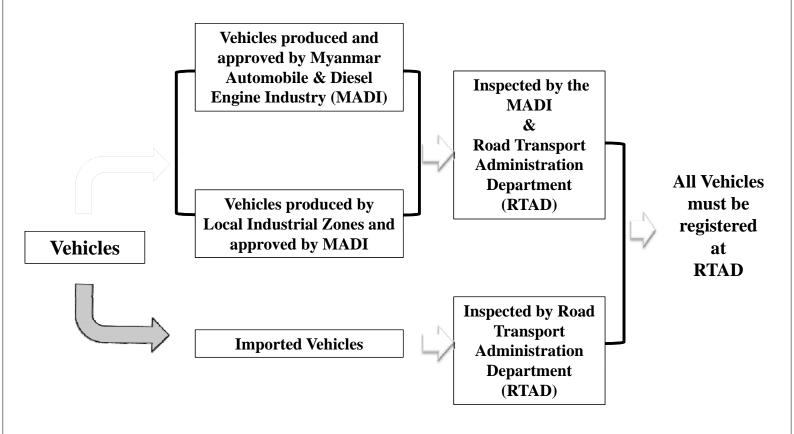




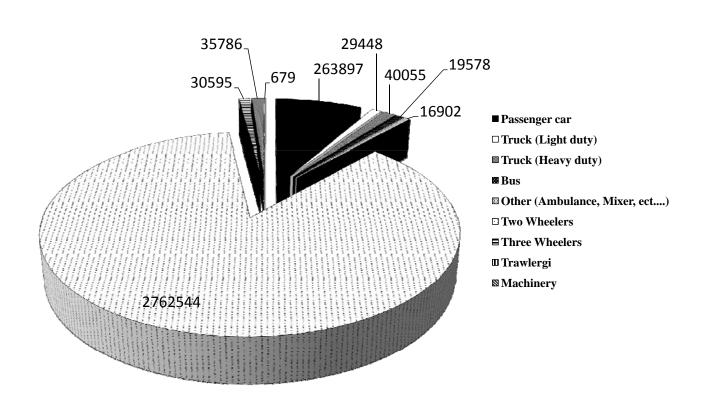
# Responsible Bodies for Vehicle Type Approval System Improvement in Myanmar

- Road Transport Administration Department (RTAD)
   under Ministry of Rail Transportation
- Myanmar Automobile and Diesel-engine Industry
   (MADI) under Ministry of Industry
- Industrial Development Committee (IDC)

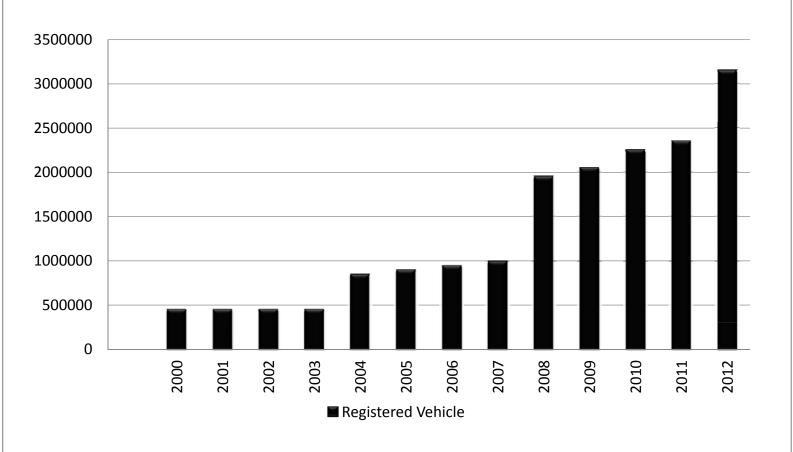
# Vehicle Type Approval System in Myanmar



# Total Registered Vehicles in Myanmar as of September 2012



### Vehicles Trend in Myanmar from 2001 to 2012, September



# **VEHICLE** Inspection

Inspect the construction of vehicle applying 1993 Testers' Manual.

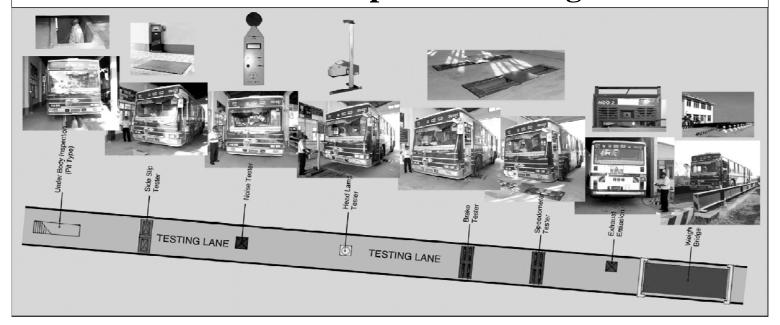
# **Testing System**

- oWeight Testing
- oExhaust Emission Testing
- oBrake Testing
- oHead Lamp Testing
- oSound Level Testing
- oSide Slip Testing
- oSpeedometer Testing
- oUnder Body Testing

# Tested by Machine

- ■Weight Bridge
- ■Exhaust Emission Tester
- ■Brake Tester
- Head Lamp Tester
- ■Noise Tester
- Side Slip Tester
- Speedometer Tester

# **Motor Vehicle Inspection Testing Lane**



# **Current Situation**

- Myanmar has some barriers for setting a schedule for the ECE items.
- We are still observing and not ready to adopt ECE items.
- We refer and apply 1958 Agreement and its amendments in our domestic vehicle industry.
- To accede the WP 29 Agreements, it is still needed to improve manpower, infrastructure, technology, rules and regulations in vehicle manufacturing procedures.

# Current Situation (cont'd)

- Currently, Myanmar cannot produce a great number of vehicles and a little number of vehicle are manufactured for the purpose of domestic use only.
- In producing vehicles, the domestic industries import parts and components made from Japan and Europe, the countries which are already accepted and applied the UN/ECE regulations.
- We have also accepted the vehicles that have been constructed in line with UNECE Regulations and Japanese Safety Regulations because the majority of the imported vehicles are from Japan.

# Cooperation to adopt WP 29 Activities 1958 & 1998 Agreement

- Myanmar has been participating as an observer in JASIC Asia Government/Industry Meeting. At present, we apply and refer some of UNECE Regulations in domestic type approval system.
- Myanmar has been participating and attending the Meetings of ACCSQ-APWG, and at these occasions, we inform our current situations and discuss to harmonize with VTA in our country.
- Through the above-mentioned meetings, we can observe the experiences of other countries.

# Cooperation to adopt WP 29 Activities 1958 & 1998 Agreement (cont'd)

- We keep on cooperating with ASEAN and Japan for International Whole Vehicle Type Approval System.
- In the early 2013, 14<sup>th</sup> AMEICC WG AI will be hold in Myanmar.

### **Conclusion**

- At present, Myanmar produces only a small number of vehicles.
- To accede the 1958 and 1998 Agreements, it needs to promote our existing manpower, infrastructure and financial situation.
- But we try our best to participate in WP 29 Activities.

Thanks all of You!	



# CONTENTS

- 1) MOT & JPJ Structure
- 2) Definition
- 3) Legal References
- 4) Government Policy
- 5) Accession to WP29
- 6) VTA Certification System
- 7) National Regulation (Example)
- 8) Conclusion



### **MOT STRUCTURE**





#### OF TRANSPORT MINISTRY

LAND TRANSPORT



**AVIATION** 



**MARITIME** 



**Road Transport Department** 



To create and administer a registration and licensing system for all types of motor vehicles which is effective, safe and full of integrity.

**Road Safety** Department



To create and administer an effective training, testing and licensing system in order to produce skilled, disciplined and considerate drivers.

Malaysia Institute Research of Road Safety



To enforce and administer traffic laws in order to produce road users with a culture of compliance with road laws and regulations.

To provide efficient technical advisory service to meet the needs of the road transport industry.

# **ACCESSION TO WP29**



World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (UN/ECE/WP29)



Rule

MALAYSIA ALREADY ACCEDED TO WP29 SINCE 4th April 2006

# **DEFINITION OF VTA**



**Vehicle Type Approval (VTA)** is a homologation process to confirm the production sample of a vehicle design to comply with specified standards/regulations before a vehicle registration is allowed in Malaysia.

**VEHICLE TYPE APPROVAL = COMPONENT TYPE APPROVAL + GENERAL REQUIREMENTS** 

- \*Component Type Approval is product compliance (including system approval) with specified standards/regulations (Malaysian Standards / UN Regulations.
- \*General Requirements are the requirements listed under Road Transport Act 1987 and Road Transport Rules.

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# LEGAL REFERENCES RELATED TO VTA



The VTA process is introduced based on the legal references as below:

- 1.Road Transport Act 1987 (Sect. 10,12 and 66(1)(pp))
- 2.Road Transport Rules (Construction & Use Rules)
- 3. Environmental Quality Act 1974 (Department of Environment)
- 4. Weight Restriction Order 1989 (Amendment 2009) (Public Work Department)



# SO VERTITIETT TO ETGLES RELEVILES TO 1 IV

### NATIONAL AUTOMOTIVE POLICY: 28<sup>TH</sup> OCT 2009

#### ✓ TECHNOLOGY : PROMOTING HIGH VALUE AND GREEN TECHNOLOGY

- Incentives for critical and high value-added parts and green technologies
- Promote Hybrid And Electric Vehicles

#### ✓ STANDARDS: EFFORTS FOR INCREASED SAFETY

- Full implementation of VTA by JPJ
- Gradual Introduction And enforcement of mandatory standards
- Gradual phase out of imported used parts
- Gradual phase out of used commercial vehicles
- Clear Roadmap of implementation of fuel standard
- Gradual introduction of vehicle end of life policy

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# GOVERNMENT POLICIES RELATED TO VTA (2)

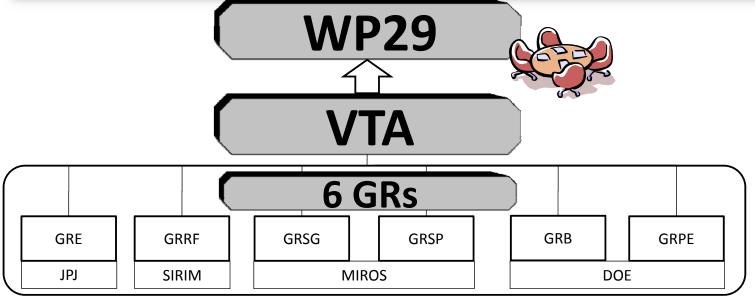
### **GREEN TECHNOLOGY POLICY: 24TH JULY 2009**

#### ✓ CRITERIA OF GREEN TECHNOLOGY

- Minimizes degradation to the environment;
- o Has Zero or low Green House Gas (GHG) emission;
- o Safe for use and promotes healthy and improved environment for all forms of life;
- Conserves the use of energy and natural resources; and
- Promotes the use of renewable resources

### **COMMITTEE STRUCTURE IN MALAYSIA**





GRE: Lighting & Signalling (39 ECE) GRSP: Passive Safety (16 ECE)

GRRF: Brakes & Running Gear (18 ECE) GRB: Noise (8 ECE)

GRSG: General Safety (30 ECE) GRPE: Pollution & Energy (16 ECE)

**TOTAL: 127 UNECE REG.** 

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# RESPONSIBILITY FOR EACH COMMITTEE



# **WP29**



**VTA** 



6 GRs

- I. To approve the proposed implementation schedule by VTA committee;
- II. To decide policies related to Automotive Regulations;
- III. Government and Private Agencies (Association)
- To approve the VTA application;
- II. To discuss the proposed implementation schedule by 6 GRs;
- III. To propose policies related to VTA;
- V. Government Agencies only
- I. To study and propose the implementation schedule in Malaysia.;
- II. Government and Private Agencies (Individual& Association)

### JPJ AS AA AND SIRIM AS 1ST TS IN M'SIA



#### ECE/TRANS/WP.29/343/rev.20

E52	Malaysia	Add new Type Approval Authority 52/A, to read:	Add new Technical Service 52/B, to read:	20.7.2012
		Road Transport Department of Malaysia (JPJ) Level 1-5, Block D4, Parcel D Federal Government Administrative Centre 62620 Putrajaya Malaysia Tel: (+60-3) 88866400 Fax: (+60-3) 88889645	SIRIM QAS International SDN. BHD SIRIM Complex 1, Persiaran Dato' Menteri, Section 2 P.O. Box 7035 40911 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: (+60-3) 55446400 Fax: (+60-3) 55109439	

JPJ can give E-mark for All UN Regulations;

SIRIM can issue official UN Regulations 22 : Safety Helmet

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# **VTA COMMITTEE STRUCTURE IN MALAYSIA**



Chairman : Director General of JPJ

Co-Chairman: Director of Automotive Engineering Division JPJ

Secretary : Head of VTA Unit , Automotive Engineering Division JPJ

Members:

Ministry of Transport(MOT)

II. Ministry of International Trade and Industry(MITI)

III. Ministry of Domestic Trade and Consumer Affairs (KPDNKK)

IV. Ministry of Science, Technology and Industry(MOSTI)

v. Department of Standards Malaysia (DSM)

vi. Department of Environment(DOE)

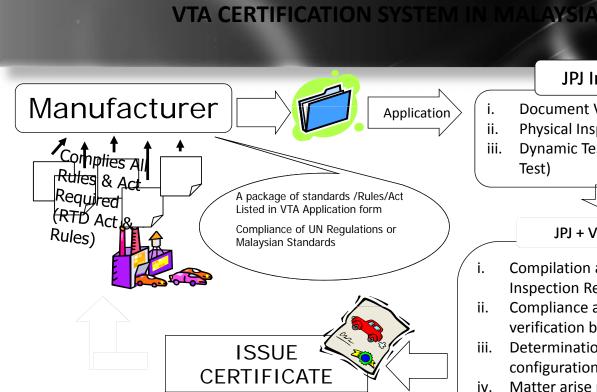
vII. Royal Custom of Malaysia(KDRM)

vIII. Malaysia Institute Research of Road Safety(MIROS)

ıx. SIRIM

x. PUSPAKOM

xi. Malaysian Automotive Institute (MAI)



Min: 20 Working Days

#### JPJ Inspection

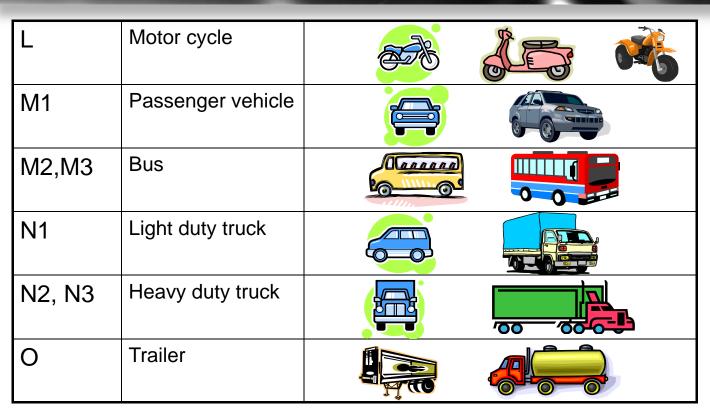
- i. **Document Verification**
- ii. **Physical Inspection**
- iii. Dynamic Test (Road Worthiness Every Test)

#### JPJ + VTA Committee

Day

- Compilation and presentation of i. Inspection Results by JPJ;
- Compliance and specification ii. verification by members;
- Determination of vehicle body iii. configuration;
- Matter arise related to VTA iv. application;
- منا Approve the VTA applica ٧. Once|Month (2/3 majority)

# **VEHICLE CATEGORI**



# UN REGULATIONS IMPLEMENTATION SCHED

2010

	R15	R24	R30	R49	R54	R66	R97	R108	R109	R116	
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	------	--

2011

R100	
------	--

2012

R3	R6	R7	R13	R13H	R14	R16	R17	R18	R25
R28	R36	R39	R40	R41	R43	R46	R48*	R50	R51
R52	R53	R58	R62	R69	R70	R73	R75	R78	R79
R80	R81	R83	R90	R93	R94	R95	R98	R99	R104
R112	R113	R22							

2015

R4	R10	R11	R19	R21	R23	R26	R34	R37	R38
R44	R45	R48	R55	R60	R61	R64	R77	R89	R91
R101	R117	R119	R121						

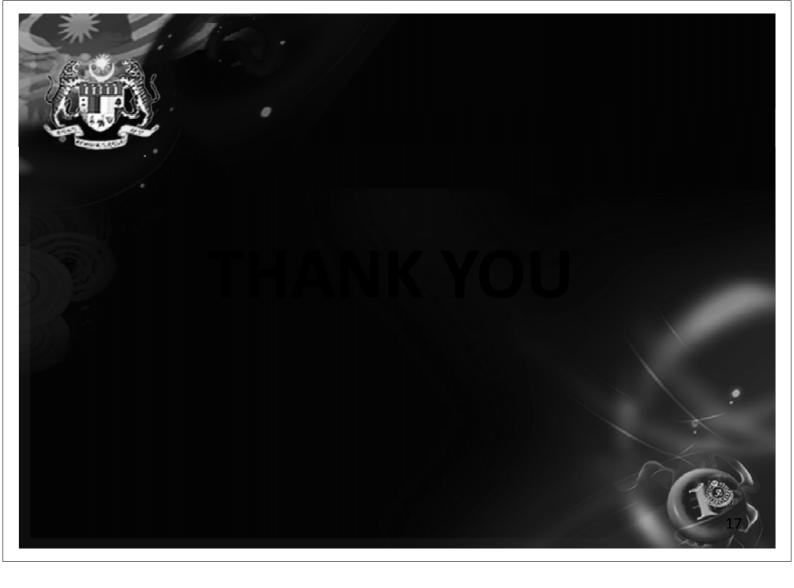
\*R48 (2012): High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lights only

15

# CONCLUSION



- All vehicle must undergo the VTA process before registration is allowed;
- 2) VTA process consist of component type approval and general requirements compliance;
- VTA is subject to committee approval (require 20 working days);
- 4) Until 2012, there are 54 UN Regulations already implemented in Malaysia and will implement another 24 UN Regulations in year 2015.



# THAILAND COUNTRY REPORT ON DEVELOPING VTA

Automotive Engineering Bureau
Department of Land Transport
December 2012

# **Vehicle Type Approval System**

- New draft Act of Land Transport, which authorise for vehicle type approval system, still jointly considered by DLT and the Council of State
- Under Motor Vehicle Act, MR2551 enforced in June 2009 which empower DLT to issue notification of vehicle Parts/Systems in line with UN regulations

# **Introducing UN Regulations**

- Implementation plan of UN regulations for M1/N1 &L3 is finalised in May 2012 by taking into account on 19 UN regulations annexed ASEAN MRA and discussing with the stakeholders
- First Notification in line with UN regulation: R41
   enforced since 2012 and the others are considered
   by Legal Division before notification issuance and
   implementation

# **Adopting UN Regulations**

- Present system allow UN regulations as the equivalent and accept only UN test report
- Working group for considering WP.29 activities is revised and will for instance,
  - > set criteria for adopting UN regulations as the first task
  - > set up a plan of adopting UN regulations in WP.29 meeting as the second task

# Introduction of Vehicle Safety Type Approval in Taiwan



5 Dec. 2012

# 

#### **Regulation Structure**

Law

The Highway Law (Paragraph 5, Article 63)

Management Regulation

**Vehicle Safety Type Approval Management Regulations** 

- 41 articles and 3 attachments
- Effective from 29 January 2007

**Technical Regulation** 

**Vehicle Safety Testing Directions** 

- ❖65 required testing regulations
- ❖Effective from 31 January 2007

# 



#### The development and update of motorcycle/moped safety regulations

- 1998- Introduce Vehicle Safety Type Approval System to Taiwan
- 2002- New type of motorcycle/moped under 250 cc to conduct Vehicle Safety Type Approval
- 2003- All of type motorcycle/moped to conduct Vehicle Safety Type **Approval**
- 2006- Stage 1 technical regulations in Taiwan harmonized with ECE regulations implemented
- 2007- Stage 2 technical regulations in Taiwan harmonized with ECE regulations implemented
  - Introducing relevant regulations for small-light moped
- 2009- Stage 3 technical regulations in Taiwan harmonized with ECE regulations implemented
- 2010- To cope with the development of electric motorcycle/moped, introduce relevant safety regulations for electric motorcycle/moped.

3

# Vehicle Safety Type Approval System (3) VSCC NEXT Vehicle

#### Structure of

#### "Vehicle Safety Type Approval Management Regulations"

- **Chapter 1 General Regulations** □ Definitions
- Chapter 2 Motor vehicle safety type approval ☐ Qualifications, documents, procedures and so on
- Chapter 3 Accreditation of Technical Services ☐ Qualifications, documents, procedures and so on
- Chapter 4 Verification, Supervision and of administration
- Chapter 5 Supplementary provisions
- Attachment 1 to 3
  - **❖** According to Article 3: The vehicles shall apply for the tests conducted by technical services or certification institution to acquire test reports according to the Vehicle Safety Testing Directions. Then proceed with the application toward Certification Institution and acquire the Vehicle Safety Type Approval Certificate and then apply for registration, inspection and get the new license plate from the Motor Vehicle Office.

## Vehicle Safety Type Approval System (4) ISCC 財團法人車輛安全審驗中心 Vehicle Safety Certification Center

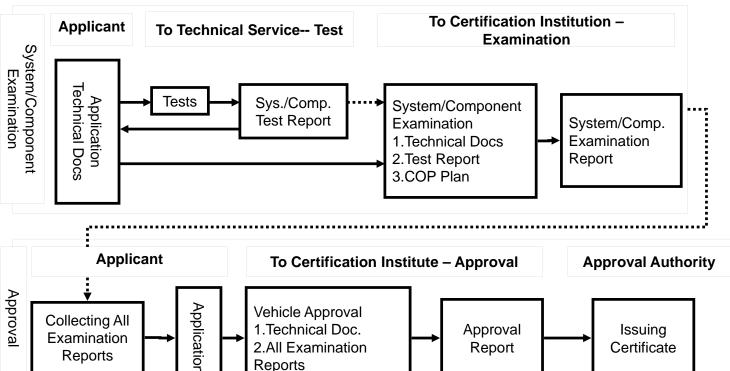


#### Difference between WVTA and LVSA

	LVSA (Low Volume Safety Approval)	WVTA (Mass Volume)
Qualification	the vehicle importer	the authorized vehicle importer
Vehicle amount of each application case	<= 20 All vehicles shall be of the same type and specifications shall be identical.	No limit
Testing items	Some testing items can be exempted.	All
Report	Test report or Examination report	Examination report
СОР	Not required	Required when applying for examination report.
On-site surveillance check for vehicle quantity and specification	Required	Not required



#### **Certificate Issuing Procedures (WVTA)**



## Vehicle Safety Type Approval System (6) ISCC 財團法人車輛安全審驗中心 Vehicle Safety Certification Center



- From October 1998, vehicle safety type approval system was brought into force, the large vehicle firstly have to meet this system, and gradually expand its category symbols and testing regulations year by year, in 2004, all of category symbols were included.
- In matching with APEC Action Plan, from 2006, Vehicle Safety Testing Direction harmonize with ECE regulation by category symbols and stage, and currently there are 48 ECE regulations were announced and implemented in Taiwan.

The basic dimensions of vehicle by paper examination that focus on vehicle registration information and driver of management

> Refer to foreign examination system, each category symbols are gradually including with Vehicle Safety Type Approval Management Regulations separately

1998.10

In following wiht APEC Action Plan, Testing Direction harmonize with ECE regulation

2006.7

7

## 

**Approval Authority** 



**Ministry of Transportation and Communications (MOTC)** 

Certification Institution

Authorized by MOTC



財團法人車輛安全審驗中心 Vehicle Safety Certification Center

**Technical Services** 

Accredited by MOTC















#### 46 Technical Services (109 witnessed laboratory)

#### **Domestic institutions:**

1. Automotive Research & Testing Center

2. Taiwan Rubber Research & Testing Center

3.Hi Safe Technologies Co., Ltd.

4.KINGDOM Vehicle Inspection co.

#### Foreign institutions:

1.ATLAS Material Testing Technology GmbH (Germany)

2.AIB-Vinçotte International n.v. (Belgium)

3.KEMA Quality B.V. (The Netherlands)

4.Lichttechnisches Institut der Universität Karlsruhe (Germany)

5.Materialpruefungsamt Nordrhein-Westfalen (MPA NRW) (Germany)

For detail information, please refer VSCC website



## Introduction of Vehicle Safety Testing Directions

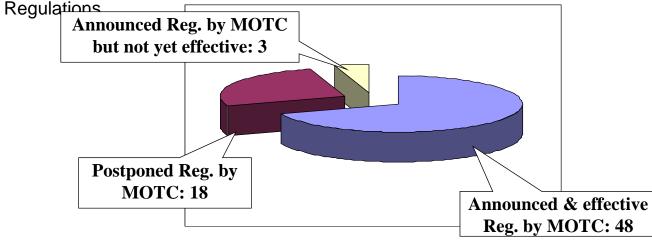
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#### **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (1/7)**

- Taiwan has scheduled a plan to implement 66 ECE Regulations in 3 stages: stage 1 (2006), stage 2 (2007~2008) and stage 3 (2009~2012).
  - However, 18 among those scheduled regulations were postponed.
  - So currently, 48 among those scheduled regulaitons were announced.
  - ➢ 3 more regulations were added (ECE R100, 107 and 123) by MOTC afterwards.

■ Up to now, Taiwan has already implemented and/or announced 51 ECE





#### **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (2/7)**

#### Announced & effective Reg. by MOTC: 48 (1/2)

Effective Reg.				
ECE	Title			
3	Retro-reflecting devices			
5	Sealed beam headlamps			
6	Direction indicators			
7	Front and Rear Position Lamps, Stop lamps and End-Outline Marker Lamps			
10	EMC			
11	Door Latches & Hinges			
12	Steering Mechanism			
13	Braking			
13H	Braking			
14	Safety-Belt Anchorage			
16	Safety Belts			
17	Seats			
19	Front Fog Lamps			

	Effective Reg.			
ECE	Title			
23	Reversing Lamps			
25	Head Restraints			
28	Audible Warning Devices			
30	Pneumatic Tires			
31	Halogen Sealed Beam Headlamps			
36	Construction of Public Service Vehicles			
37	Bulbs			
38	Rear Fog Lamps			
39	Speedometer			
43	Safety Glazing Materials			
46	Rear-Vies Mirrors			
48	Installation of Lights			
50	Lights (Moped, Motorcycle)			

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### **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (3/7)**



#### Announced & effective Reg. by MOTC: 48 (2/2)

Effective Reg.				
ECE	Title			
52	Construction of small Capacity Public Service Vehicles			
53	Installation of Lights (Motorcycle)			
54	Pneumatic Tires (commercial vehicle)			
55	Mechanical Coupling			
60	Driver Operated Controls			
66	Strength of Super Structure			
74	Installation of light (moped)			
77	Parking Lamps			
78	Braking (Category L)			
79	Steering Equipment			
80	Seats of Large Passenger Vehicle			
81	Rear-View Mirrors (Moped)			

	Effective Reg.				
ECE	Title				
91	Side-Marker Lamps				
94	Frontal collision protection				
95	Side collision Protection				
98	Gas-Discharge Headlamps				
99	Gas-Discharge Light Sources				
104	Retro-Reflective Markings for heavy and long Vehicles				
107	M2 or M3 Vehicles with Regard to Their General Construction				
112	Headlamps (with a Asymmetrical Passing Beam				
113	Headlamps (with a Symmetrical Passing Beam)				
123	AFS				



## **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (4/7)**

#### Announced Reg. by MOTC but not yet effective: 3

Announced Reg. by MOTC but not yet effective:3				
ECE	Title			
75	Pneumatic Tires (moped, motorcycle)			
100	Electric Power Train			
34	Tank			

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### **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (5/7)**



	ECE for M2/M3/N2/N3/	ECE for ECE for M1/N1/O1/O2 2/M3/N2/N3/O3/O4		1/02	ECE for L1/L3		Total
2004	R36, 52	2					2
2006	R3, 6, 7, 16, 19, 23, 28, 30, 37, 43, 48, 54, 77, 91, 98, 99, 104	17	R3, 6, 7, 16, 19, 23, 28, 30, 37, 39, 43, 54, 77, 91, 98, 99, 104	17	R39, 53, 60, 74, 81, 98, 99	7	22
2007					R19, 28, 78	3	3
2008	R5, 13, 14, 17, 25, 31, 38, 39, 66, 79, 80, 112, 113	13	R5, 11, 12, 13, 13h, 14, 17, 25, 31, 38, 48, 79, 94, 95, 112, 113	16			17
2009					R3, 37, 50, 112, 113, 38	6	1
2011	R46, 10, 123, 55, 34	5	R46, 10, 123, 34	4	R10,	1	5
2013					R75	1	1
2014	R100	1	R100	1			1
		37Announ ced 1 Drafted		37Annou nced 1 Drafted		17 Announced 1 Drafted	50/ 1



#### **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (6/7)**

#### New Technical Regulations Using ECE as a basis Drafted in 2012

	Scope and proposed date of implementation				
ECE	Title of Item	Large vehicle	Small vehicle	Motorcycle	Status
107	Specification of open-top single- decker and double- decker buses	To be determined			Prepared for MOTC discussion
34	Fuel Tank	2014/1/1	2014/1/1		1. Announced Reg. by MOTC but not yet effective 2.Metallic and plastic fuel tank shall comply with hydraulic test and overturn test, for M and N.
64	Tyre pressure monitoring system (TPMS)		To be determined		Under discussion
RE3	Acoustic vehicle alerting system	To be determined	To be determined	To be determined	Under discussion

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#### **Vehicle Safety Testing Regulation (7/7)**



#### New Technical Regulations for Taiwan only Drafted in 2012

	Scope and proposed date of implementation				
ECE	Title of Item	Large vehicle	Small vehicle	Motorcycle	Status
	Forward collision warning system (FCWS)	To be determined			Under discussion
	Driving vision assist system	To be determined			Under discussion



## Thank you for your attention



#### Large passenger vehicle without a roof



**Background:** To introduce large passenger vehicle without a roof (single-decker and double-decker buses) into Taiwan for sightseeing.

**Objective:** To carry passengers for sightseeing at specific route.

**Scope:** This Regulation applies to M2 and M3.

**Testing Criteria :** The body specifications of vehicle refer to ECE R107 Annex 3 and EEC 2002/7/EC.





#### **Tank**







Background: According to MOTC's schedule to implement ECE R34.

**Objective:** To improve the structure of fuel tank for vehicle safety

**Scope:** This Regulation applies to categories M and N.

**Testing Criteria :** Metallic and plastic fuel tank shall comply with hydraulic test and overturn test and so forth of safety regulation.



#### Tyre pressure monitoring system (TPMS)





Background: Due to flat tire could cause car accident.

Objective: To monitor the pressure of tires for vehicle safety.

**Scope:** This Regulation applies to M1, N1.

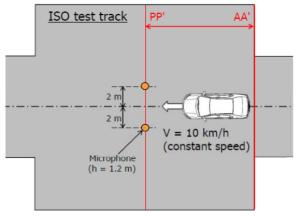
**Testing Criteria**: Tyre pressure monitoring system of M1 and N1 refer to ECE R64 Temporary-use spare wheels/tyres and run flat tires



### **Acoustic Vehicle Alerting System (AVAS)**







**Background:**. Due to pedestrians and vulnerable road users might be hit by soundless electric vehicle.

**Objective:** To inform pedestrians and vulnerable road users that electric vehicle is coming for vehicle safety.

**Scope:** This Regulation applies to electric vehicle of L, M and N.

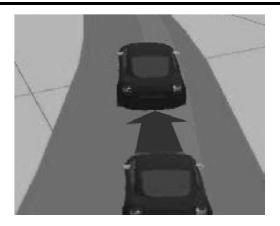
**Testing Criteria :**The regulation of AVAS refer to ECE RE3 Annex 2 and GTR QREV and so on.



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### Forward collision warning system (FCWS)





**Background:** To reduce the rate of vehicle collision.

**Objective:** Monitoring the roadway in front of the host vehicle and warn the driver when a potential collision risk exists.

**Scope:** This Regulation applies to M2 and M3.

**Testing Criteria :** Forward collision warning system refer to ISO 15623 and NHTSA Technical Report DOT HS 808 964 August 1999 Table 3 and so on.



Collision warning distance
<u>20 m</u>
<u>23 m</u>
<u>26 m</u>
<u>30 m</u>
<u>33 m</u>



#### **Driving vision assist system**



**Background:**. Due to driving vision around vehicle is insufficient for large vehicle.

**Objective:** To provide extra driving vision around vehicle for driver to reduce the rate of car accident.

**Scope:** This Regulation applies to M2 and M3.

**Testing Criteria**: Cameras shall be install on both side of vehicle and the installed area, in-vehicle display monitor were also required.











## Panel Discussion: Part II

ASEAN 19 items and the examination of the optimally unified vehicle type approval system in ASEAN region

Coordinator: Mr. Shigeo Yoshizawa (Japan) Panelists:

Japan, Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia, Vietnam, Philippines, Singapore

## Certification under the 1958 Agreement

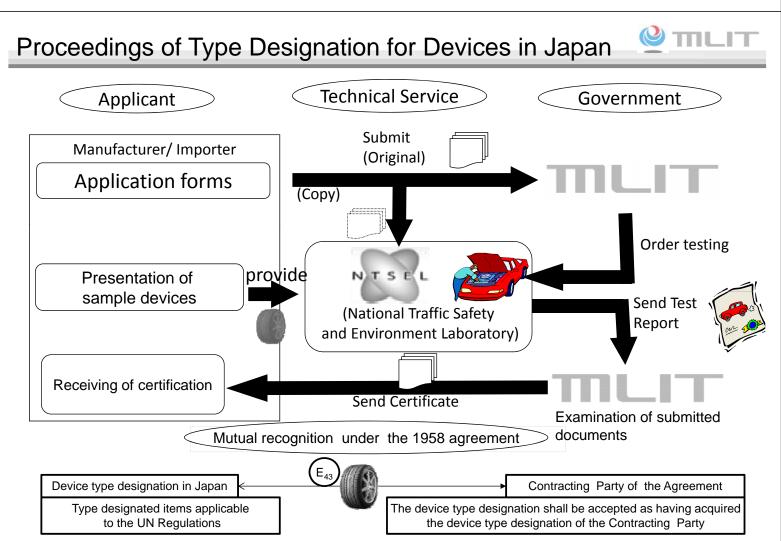
The 3<sup>rd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian Region 4-5 December 2012

#### Takao ONODA

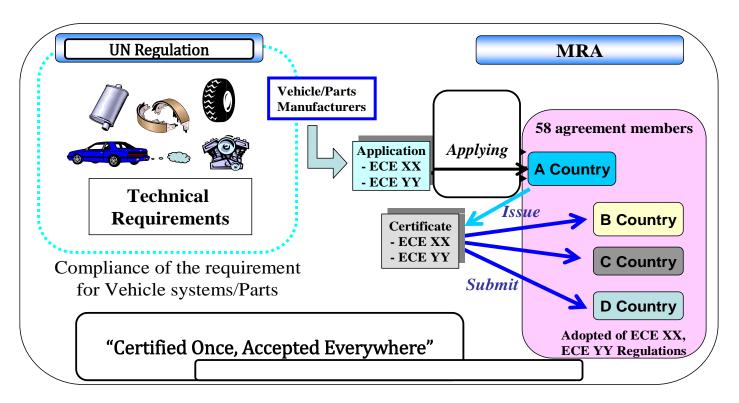
Director, International Affairs Office, Engineering Policy Division, Road Transport Bureau



Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism







Possible to simplify certification procedure among the contracting countries

#### Comparing of Test Report and Certification under the 1958 Agreement

m	Т

	Test Report	Certificate under the 1958 Agreement
Issuing institution	Technical Service	Government
Validity	Only tested device	Devices comply with UN Regulation
Conformity Of Production	Not verified	Verified by an Approval Authority
In case of finding that certain devices do not conform to the approved types	_	The Contracting Party which issued the approval shall take the necessary steps to bring the products into conformity with the approved types and shall advise the other Contracting Parties applying the Regulation through type approval of the steps it has taken, which may include, if necessary, the withdrawal of approval.
Dispute	_	Any dispute which is not settled by negotiation shall be submitted to arbitration if any one of the Contracting Parties in dispute so requests and shall be referred accordingly to one or more arbitrators selected by agreement between the Parties in dispute.



## Thank you for your attention!





### **OUTLINE**

- 1) ASEAN Consultative Committee on Standards and Quality (ACCSQ)
- Automotive Product Working Group (Activities and update)



## **ACCSQ TOWARDS AEC - STANDARDS (1)**



- Agro-based products (prepared foodstuff)
- Pharmaceutical)
  Place (Cosmetics, Medical Device,
- Rubber-based
- Electrical and Electronic
- Traditional Medicine and Health Supplement
- Wood based products
- Automotive

3

## ACCSQ TOWARDS AEC – STANDARDS (2)



#### Implementation of MRAs

- 2 ASEAN Framework Agreement on MRAs (1998)
- 2 ASEAN Sectoral MRA for Electrical and Electronic Equipment (2002)
- ASEAN MRA of Product Registration Approval for Cosmetics (2003) (MRA is Schedule A of the ASEAN Harmonized Cosmetics Regulatory Scheme)
- ASEAN Sectoral MRA for GMP Inspection of Manufacturers for Medicinal Products (2009)
- MRAs under Development
- ASEAN MRA on Type Approval for Automotive Product.

## ACCSQ TOWARDS AEC - STANDARDS (3)





## **AEC**

AC 2015

Elimination of TBT to facilitate the flow of products

Economic Integration and Single Market through Flee Flow of Goods

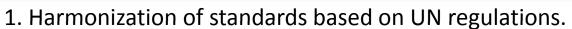
ASEAN Community with strong Economic Pillar

5

## **AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCT WORKING GROU**

- APWG is created to eliminate TBT and facilitate trade in the Automotive sector.
- ② Elimination of Technical Barriers to Trade through:
- ② harmonization of standards, technical requirements and regulations.
- Recognition of Conformity Assessment Results
   through Mutual Recognition Arrangements (MRA)
   Common regulatory regime (Pogulations)
- ② Common regulatory regime (Regulations, procedures)

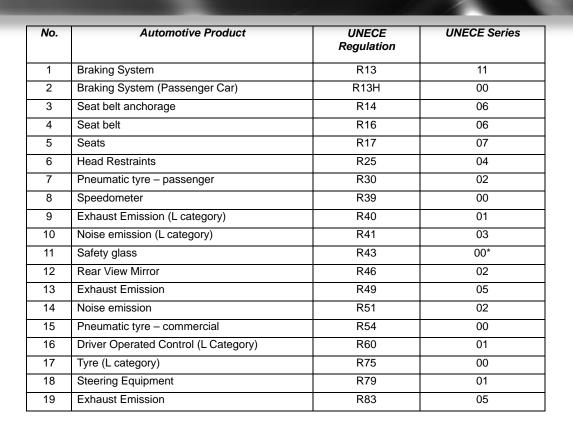
## **AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCT WORKING GROU**



- 2 19 UN regulations for immediate harmonisation
- Define technical requirements of the regulations
- Identify series of UN regulations
- 2. Harmonization of Motor Vehicle classification
- Identify UN classification and definition on power driven vehicles and trailers. (M1, N1 and L)
- Cross referencing with national laws
- 3. Fuel properties and emission regulations, certification procedures and safety regulations
- Initial activity has commenced in this area

7

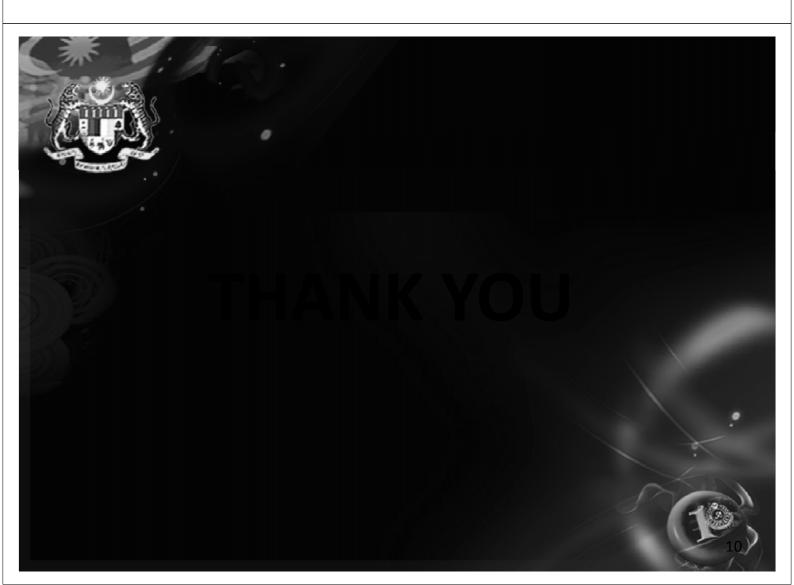
## LIST OF 19 UN REGULATIONS (UP TO DATE



#### **CHALLENGES**



- To harmonize unique requirements among ASEAN Member States for the identified UN Regulations;
- 2. To understand in details the technical requirements for each regulation;
- 3. To establish the regional testing facilities;
- 4. To establish the regional expertise in ASEAN Government and Industry.



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# Policy for ASEAN 19 items and optimal VTA in ASEAN Region

Thailand 5<sup>th</sup> December 2012

#### **Thailand Government Policy on ASEAN MRA**

- ❖ Thai government supports the establishment of ASEAN MRA in order to facilitate trade and certification activities among ASEAN countries in year 2015.
- ASEAN MRA scope on products produced and marketed in ASEAN to support local makers.
- Accept the use of technical service and testing facility outside ASEAN.
- ❖ Thai government may not enforce all 19 UN Regulations by 2015 but they will accept the "Test Report" of 19 UN Regulations.
- ❖ Regulations under ASEAN MRA will be acceptable as alternative to national regulations.

#### Regulatory body of 19 UN-R of ASEAN MRA

- TISI: 3 mandatory standards
  - 1) Emission (UN R40, R83 and R49)
  - 2) Safety Belt (UN R16- component only)
  - 3) Safety Glass (UN R43- component only)
- DLT: Plan to enforce the rest of UN-Regulations;
  - 1) Safety belt (UN R16- Installation only)
  - 2) Safety Glass (UN R43- Installation only)
  - 3) Others; Brake (UN R13 and R13H), Seatbelt Anchorage (UN R14), Seat (UN R17), Head Restraints (UN R25), Tire (UN R30, R54 and R75), Speedometer (UN R39), Noise (UN R41 and UN R51), Rear view mirror (UN R46), Driver operated control (UN R60) and Steering (UN R79)

#### Policy on 19 UN-R of ASEAN MRA

- 1) Thai Government will accept "Test report" or "Certificate with Test Report" of ASEAN MRA
- \* TISI:
  - ❖ To compare "Test report" under ASEAN MRA with TISI standard to issue TISI certificate
  - TIS Mark and COP are required
- DLT:
  - ❖ To accept "Test report" under ASEAN MRA as alternative of DLT regulation and issue DLT certificate
  - ❖ No DLT Marking but COP is required
  - DLT also accept the Test Report from Technical service under WP29

#### Policy on 19 UN-R of ASEAN MRA

- 2) Acceptance of later/latest version of UN-Regulation under ASEAN MRA
- ❖ TISI:
  - By current law, TISI cannot accept the later/latest version of UN-Regulation.
- **❖** DLT:
  - Accept "Test Report" of later/latest version of UN-Regulation as alternative of DLT regulation
- 3) Considering "Worst case selection" for testing in accordance with EU practice.
  - TISI and DLT have no objection

## Thank you









## Report-2 JICA Philippine Project

Mr. Arnel R. Manresa Chief of Road Transport Planning Division, DOTC









# Report-3 China and India Forum in 2012, and their Country Report

China and India









# Report-3 Expert Meetings in 2012 and plan for 2013

Mr. Hiroshi Morita
Director,
Japan Automobile Standards
Internationalization Center (JASIC)

#### Public and Private Joint Forum

# Report of the 2012 JASIC Asia Expert Meetings and its plan for 2013~

5 December, 2012

#### Hiroshi MORITA



JAPAN AUTOMOBILE STANDARDS INTERNATIONALIZATION CENTER http://www.jasic.org

## **Concept of the Expert meetings**

#### Under the JASIC P/P Forum,

- ◆To improve the understanding of the 1958 Agreement and the UN Regulations by the A sian countries.
- ◆To strengthen the cooperation among Asian countries.

### **Expert Meeting**

**Purpose** 

To understand UN Regulations and improve the knowledge, skills, methods also the certification system, COP practically through the whole vehicle approval systems under the 1958 Agreement.

#### **Process**



Request **UN-items** P/P Forum



**Arrange Experts and dispatch them** to the country to carry out the **Expert Meeting** 





**Each requested country** 

EX Meeting13

arrange the venue and

collect the audiences

#### History

2003: 01. Thailand \*Lamp 2005: 02. Indonesia \*1958 Agree. 2005: 03. Thailand \*Brake 2006: 04. Philippines \*1958 Agree. 2006: 05. Hong Kong \*Approval 2006: 06. Thailand \*Belt, Seat etc. 2007: 07. Philippines \*Admin. 2007: 08. Indonesia \*Accession, ECE 2007: 09. Vietnam \*1958 Agree. 2007: 10. India \*Approval, MRA 2007: 11. Indonesia \*Noise 2008: 12. Thailand \*HL, Brake 2008: 13. Indonesia \*Glass 2008: 14. Thailand \*Noise, OBD 2008: 15. Malaysia \*Belt, Seat etc. 4000 47 T 1 • 44

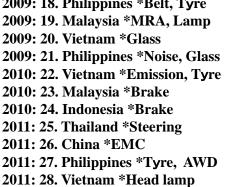
2009: 17. Philippines \*Approval etc. 2009: 18. Philippines \*Belt, Tyre

2009: 20. Vietnam \*Glass

2011: 29. Malaysia \*Protection of Occupants 2012: 30. Malaysia \*EV, Exhaust Emission

2012: 31. Vietnam \* Prevention of Fire Risks and Recall

1011. 21 Thailand &Cast Time



## **Expert meetings in 2012**

	Organization	Timing	Theme
30 <sup>th</sup>	Malaysia	July	R100 (Electric Power Train) , R40, R83 (Exhaust Emission)
31 <sup>st</sup>	Vietnam	August	R34 (Prevention of Fire Risks) , Recall
32 <sup>nd</sup>	Thailand	August	R80 (Seat-Large Passenger Vehicle) , R117 (Tyres with regard to rolling sound emissions)

## 30<sup>th</sup>Expert meeting in Malaysia



## 31st Expert meeting in Vietnam



## 32<sup>nd</sup> Expert meeting in Thailand



#### Trend in 2012

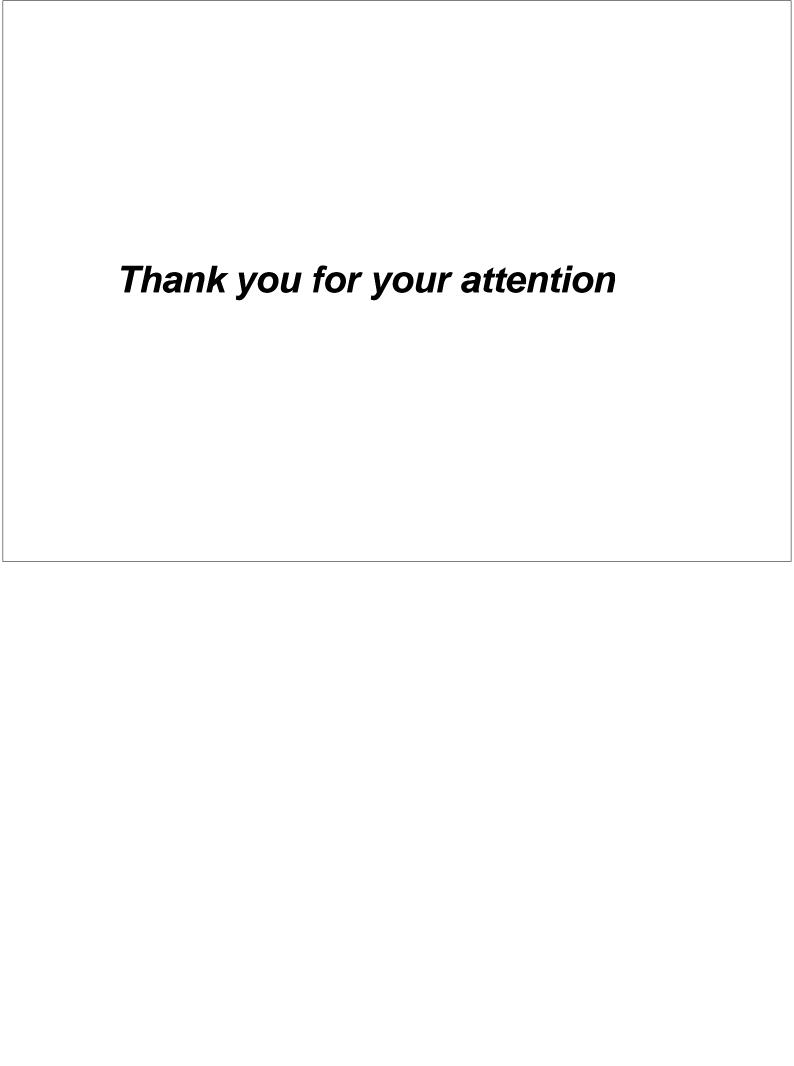
- 1. Decrease of the number of countries requesting Expert Meeting.
  - Indonesia and Philippines didn't hold Expert Meeting this year.
  - Affected by each countries projects(Indonesia , Malaysia, Philippines)?
  - > R41,R51 (Noise) Malaysia planed theme for Expert Meeting were lectured in Malaysia project.
- 2. Increase of the countries requesting for Electric Vehicle.
  - > Malaysia held Expert Meeting for EV this year.
  - > APWG-WS on EV(R100,R12,R94,R95) was also held in April and September.
  - > Vietnam and Thailand plan Expert Meetings for EV after 2013.

## **Future plan for Expert meetings(1)**

Organization	Timing	Theme	
Vietnam	2013	R100(Electric Vehicle)	
Malaysia	2013	R58(Rear Underrun Protection), R73(Lateral Protection), R93(Front Underrun Protection), R107(Bus general Construction)	
Philippines	2013	R39(Speed meter), R60(Driver Operated Cont)	
Thailand	2013	R30, R54 (Pneumatic tyre), R39(Speed meter), R46(Rear View Mirror), R60(Driver Operated Cont) R85, R94/R95,R100(EV safety and environmental aspects)	

## Future plan for Expert meetings (2)

Organization	Timing	Theme		
Vietnam	2014	Recycle and motorcycle emission		
Malaysia	2014	R10(Electromagnetic Compatibility) R34(Prevention of fire risk)		
Thailand	2014	R87 (Daytime Running Lamps) R123 (AFS)		
Malaysia	2015	R21 (Interior Fitting ) R26 (External Projection) R55 (Mechanical Coupling)		
Thailand	2015	R12 (Steering Mechanism) R94 (frontal collision ) R95 (lateral collision)		











## Wrap Up

Mr. Takao Onoda,
Director, International Affairs Office,
Engineering Policy Division,
Road Transport Bureau, Ministry of Land,
Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism(MLIT),
Japan









## **Closing Address**

Atty. Alfonso V. Tan, Jr. Executive Director, LTO, Philippines









## Memo









## **Minutes**









## Evaluation

#### **Attendee Survey**

#### The 3<sup>rd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region

- The 17<sup>th</sup> JASIC ASIA GOVERNMENT/ INDUSTRY MEETING -

Dec. 4 - 6, 2012

Thank you for your participating in "the 3<sup>rd</sup> Public and Private Joint Forum in Asian region" in Indonesia. We would highly appreciate if you take a few minutes to answer the following questions.

Name:				
Organization:				
Country (Economy):				
	al recognition of	Whole Vehicle Typ	ng infrastructure in each pe Approvals under UN Agreement"	
□interesting	□not so much of my interests			
	Da	ny 1		
2. As for the contents thro	oughout Day 1			
□easy	□adequate	□difficult		
3. Please evaluate length	of time allocated ea	nch item.		
Speech	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short	
Presentation	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short	
Panel Discussion-1	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short	
Question and Answer	□too long	□enough	□too short	
4. Please write any questi	ons and/or comme	nts at this meeting (I	Day 1), if you have.	

#### --- Day 2 ---

1. As for the contents thro	oughout Day 2		
□easy	$\square$ enough	□difficult	
2. Please evaluate length	of time allocated ea	ach item.	
Reports	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short
Presentation	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short
Panel Discussion-2	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short
Question and Answer	□too long	$\square$ enough	□too short
3. Please provide any comm	nents and/or question	ns at this meeting (Da	y 2), if you have.
As fo	r the P/P Joint	Forum in the fu	ture
1. Please provide any add if you have.	litional comments o	on activity of P/P Joi	nt Forum in the future,
2. How to receive" Forum	document /file."?		
Which would you prefe			
☐Paper(present style)		load form JASIC' We	bsite.
3. Would you like to part	icipate in the next l	P/P Joint Forum?	
-	□No		
4. For ones who answer N	lo;		
What is the reason wh	y you do not want	to participate?	
5. Other			
Please write comments	s and/or questions o	concerning this meet	ing.
Please write comments	s and/or questions o	concerning this meet	ing.

Thank you very much for your cooperation.